## Focusing on the 5<sup>th</sup> "E": Evaluating Portland's Safe Routes to School Program

### Steve White, MURP

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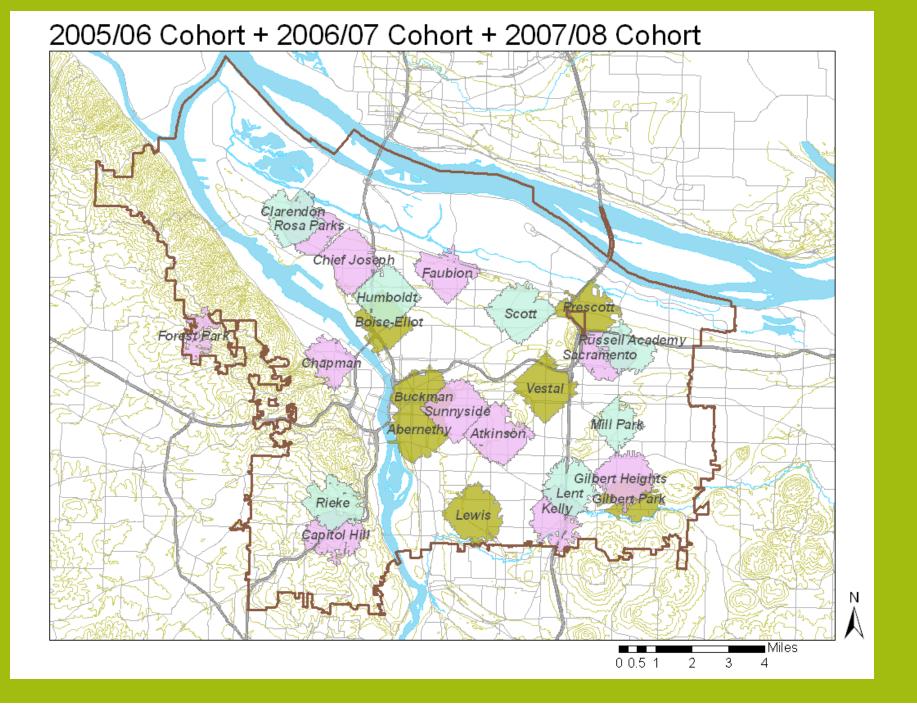
# I. Portland's SRTS program and prior evaluation efforts

# II. Additional evaluation data and methods

## **III.Results**





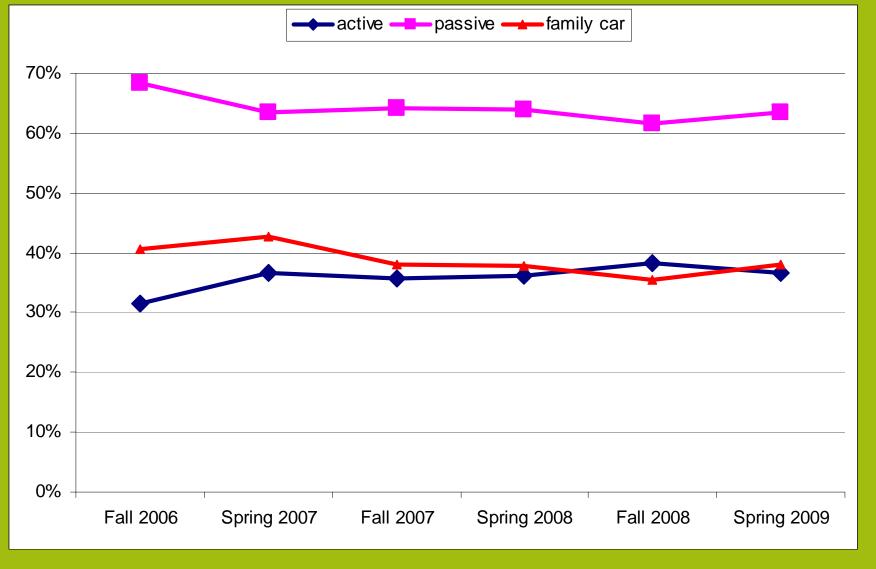


## 2005-2008 Evaluation Tools

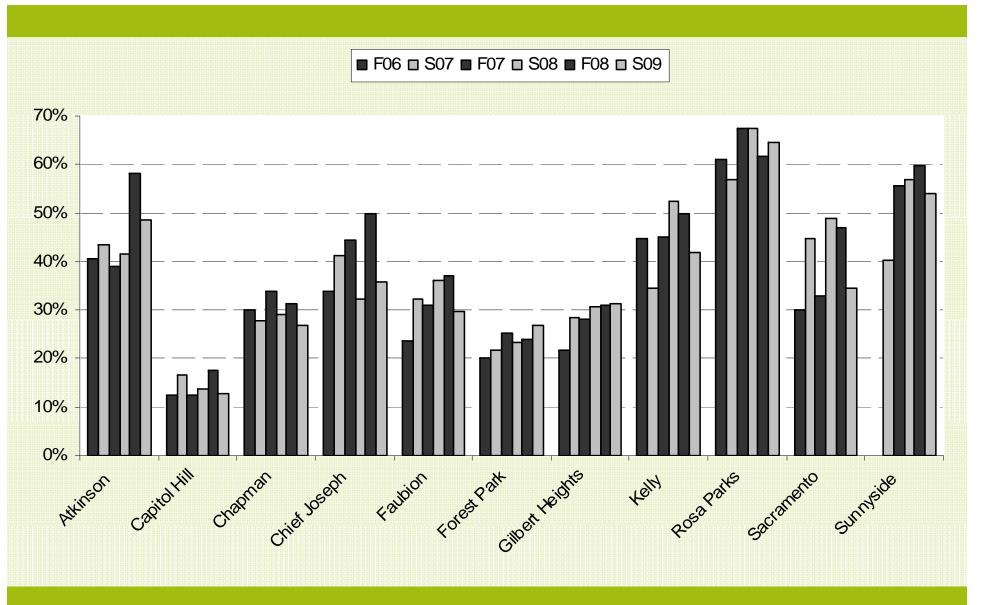
- Handraising Tally
  - Mode choice, grade, and weather
- Mail-in Parent Survey
  - Primary travel mode
  - Some biographical Information, including:
    - Students' sex, grade, number of siblings
    - Parents' level of education
  - Perceived travel time and distance
  - Concerns/barriers affecting mode choice
  - Parental perceptions about
    - The health and safety of walking and biking
    - school's encouragement of walking and biking
    - SR2S program impact on interest in walking or biking

### Mode Choice by Year—all schools (parent survey)

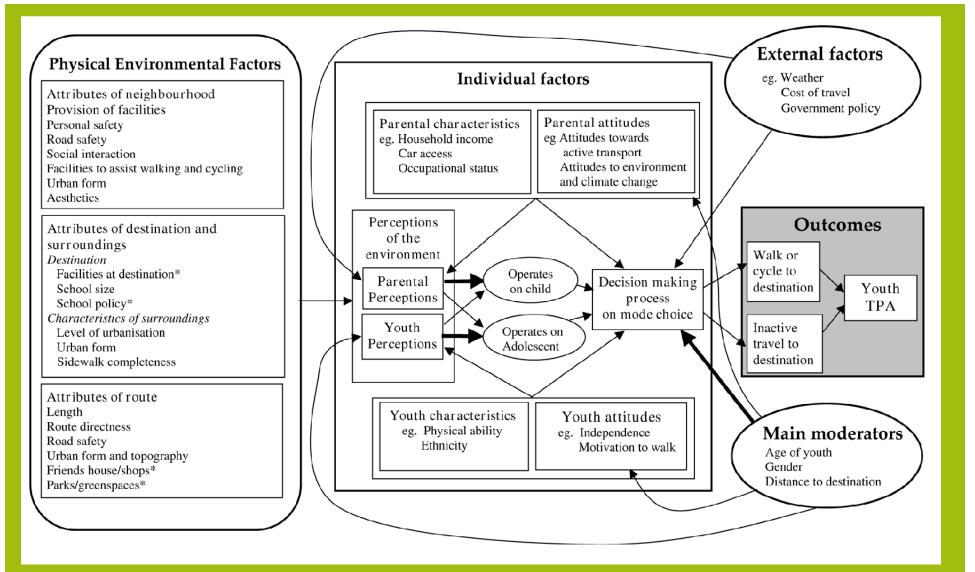
Active=Walk+Bike+Other Passive=Bus+Car+Transit



# Active Commute Rates, AM or PM—Year 2 Schools (parent survey)



## **Predicting School Commute Mode Choice**



Source: JR Panter, AP Jones, EMF van Sluijs, "Environmental determinants of active travel in youth: A review and framework for future research" International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2008, 5:34

# **Additional Evaluation Data**

- School-specific program metrics
- Urban Form data
- Socio-demographic data

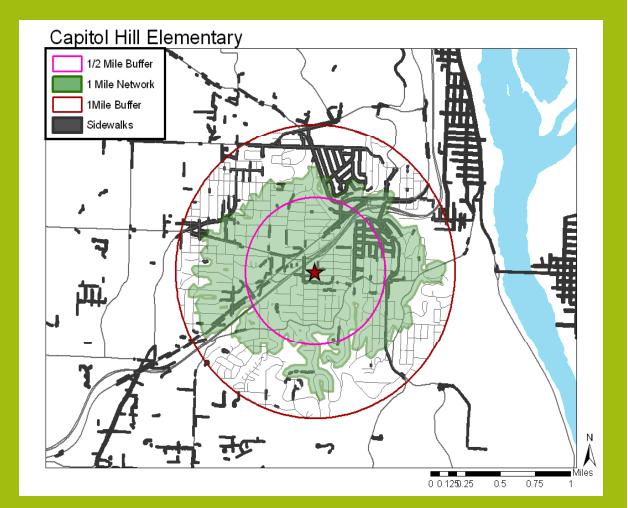


## Individual School Program Metrics (spring 2009)

	Dedicated Parent Volunteer	Dedicated Staff Volunteer	Walk+Bike Participation	Other Encouragem ent Activities Participation	Engineering Projects Completed
Abernethy	2	1	1	1	2
Atkinson	2	1	1	1	1
<b>Boise-Eliot</b>	0	0	1	1	1
Buckman	1	1	1	1	1
Capitol Hill	1	0	1	0	1

# **Urban Form Data**

- Street
   Connectivity
- Sidewalk coverage
- Slope
- Hazardous
   Bussing
   Conditions



# Socio-Demographic Data

- Income
- Crime
- Vehicle ownership
- Race/Ethnicity
- Variety of household characteristics
  - Employment, presence of other family members, etc.



## Methods

- Covariate analysis
- Binomial logistic regression analysis
  - Active vs passive mode as the student's primary school commute mode.
  - Two models
    - All respondents
    - <1 mile respondents</li>



Independent Variables	В	Sig.	Exp(B)	
Urban Form:			$\frown$	
Distance (less than 1 mile from school)	2.515	0	12.371	
Street connectivity (CNR)	0.352	0	1.421	
Slope	0.619	0	1.857	
Parent Perceptions:				
Weather is a barrier	-0.434	0.005	0.648	
Condition/Lack of sidewalks is a barrier	0.464	0.004	1.59	
Traffic Speed is a barrier	-0.308	0.038	0.735	
School encourages active modes	0.556	0	1.744	
Parent/Household Characteristics:				
Household income (free and reduced lunch rates)	2.189	0	8.923	
Number of additional siblings in K-5	0.236	0.021	1.266	
Student Characteristics:				
Grade	0.082	0.033	1.086	
Permission/ability to walk/bike alone by 5th grade	1.097	0	2.995	
Program Characteristics				
Parent volunteer	0.54	0	1.717	

#### Active-Passive Commute Binomial Logit Model, Spring 2009, All Survey Respondents

N=1,246

Chi-square=480.468

Pseudo-R<sup>2</sup> (Nagelkerke)=.429

Active-Passive Commute Binomial Logit Model, Spring 2009, Survey Respondents	,
Less than 1 Mile from School	

Independent Variables	В	Sig.	Exp(B)	
Urban Form:				
Distanceless than 1/4, 1/2, 1 mile from school	-1.093	0	0.335	
Street connectivity (CNR)	0.483	0	1.62	
Slope	0.471	0.015	1.601	
Parent Perceptions:				
Lack of crossing guards is a barrier	0.788	0.001	2.2	
Intersection safety is a barrier	-0.412	0.02	0.663	
Distance is a barrier	0.763	0	2.144	
School encourages active modes	0.621	0	1.862	
Parent/Household Characteristics:				
Household income (free and reduced lunch rates)	1.063	0.028	2.894	
Number of additional siblings in K-5	0.317	0.003	1.373	
Student Characteristics:				
Permission/ability to walk/bike alone by 5th grade	0.764	0	2.147	
Program Characteristics:				
Participation in other encouragement activities	0.562	0.006	1.755	
N=872				

Chi-square=322.943

Pseudo-R<sup>2</sup> (Nagelkerke)=.415

# Takeaways

## A more complete analysis...

- Highlights the relative strength and importance of different variables in influencing mode choice
  - Distance
  - Street & sidewalk connectivity
  - Volunteers, encouragement, & program longevity
- Helps program coordinators and volunteers...
  - Identify opportunities
  - Understand barriers
  - Gauge potential impact
  - Design specific programs for specific conditions
  - Better evaluate their programs

# Takeaways

# Is the program working?YES!

- For <1mile households</li>
- For schools with a continuous base of effective volunteers

## How can we make it better?

- Support volunteers
- Provide staff for schools w/o volunteers
- Develop program elements specific to a school's specific social and built environment
- Develop a survey instrument that more directly addresses the different program elements

## **Questions?**





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#### • Evidence that the program is having an impact:

- More kids permitted to walk/bike alone at elementary age
- Correlation of parent's perceptions of school encouragement and active commute benefits with active mode choices
- General upward trend in active mode splits among students <1 mile despite the outward dispersion of students
- Correlation of the program variables with positive attitudes and households choosing active modes

## What the Parent Survey doesn't tell us

• Marginal changes in mode share

Q6: On most days, how does your child arrive at school and for home after school? *(circle one choice)* 

- "We now walk at least once a week, but the car is still our primary means"

### What the Parent Survey doesn't tell us

More about the impact of program components

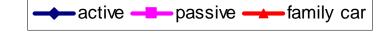
 What works?

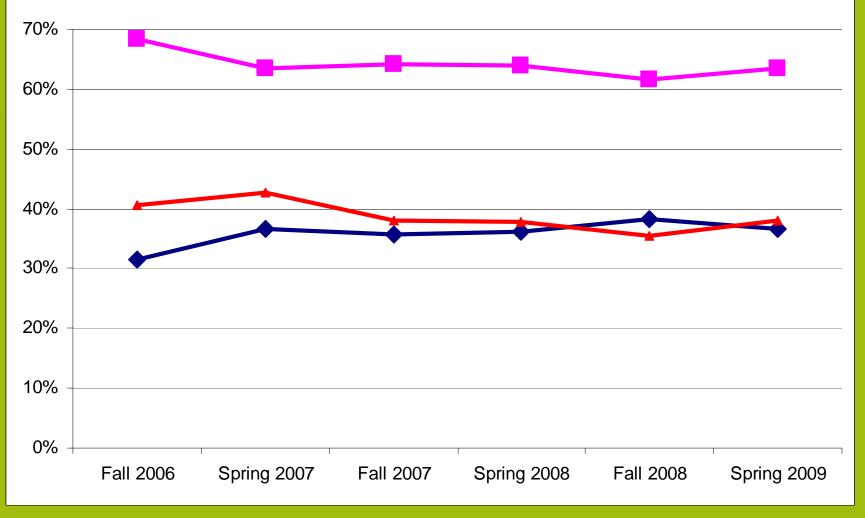


• How many potential active commuters are there?



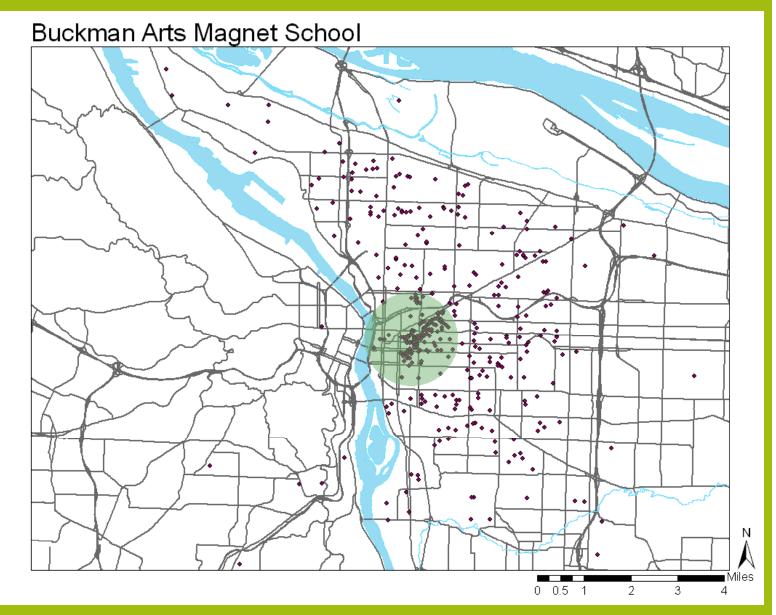






### Distance

#### 25.6% Active Commute Rate



Easy Eastside Access

Close-in Location

Magnet Program

#### Distance

#### 64.5% Active Commute Rate

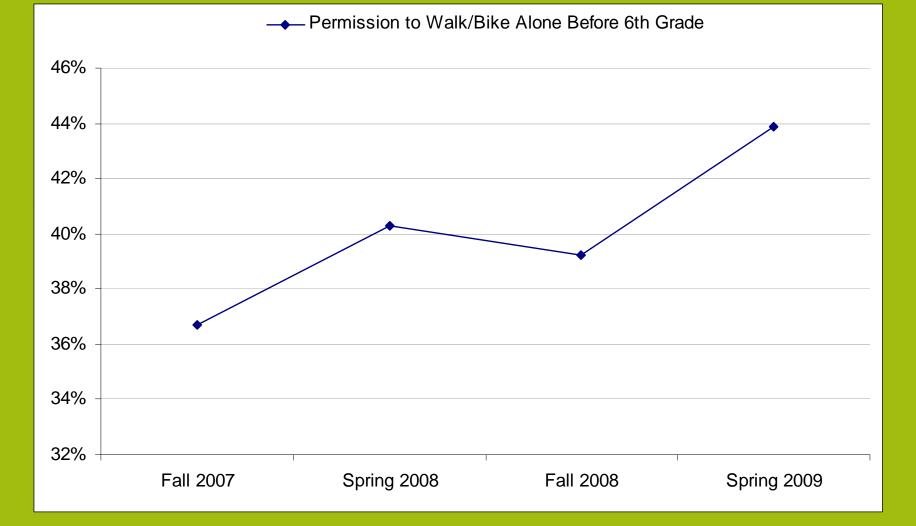
Siting coordinated with new mixed-income family-oriented housing development

Strong neighborhood presence

Poor connectivity to outside areas

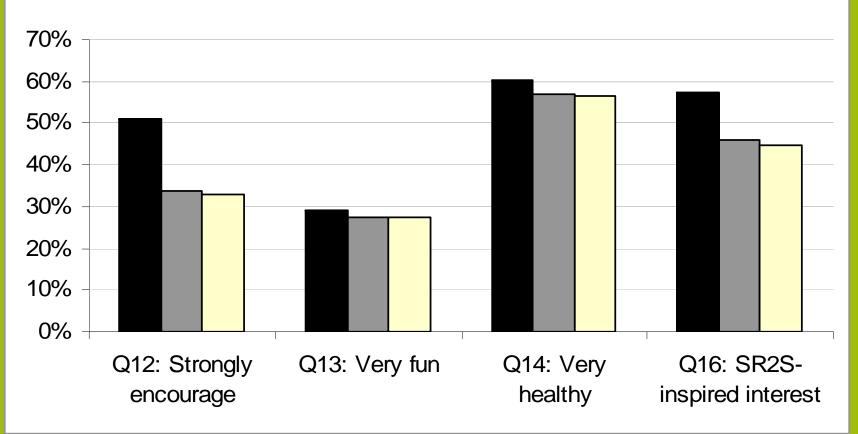


### Child's Ability to Walk/Bike alone



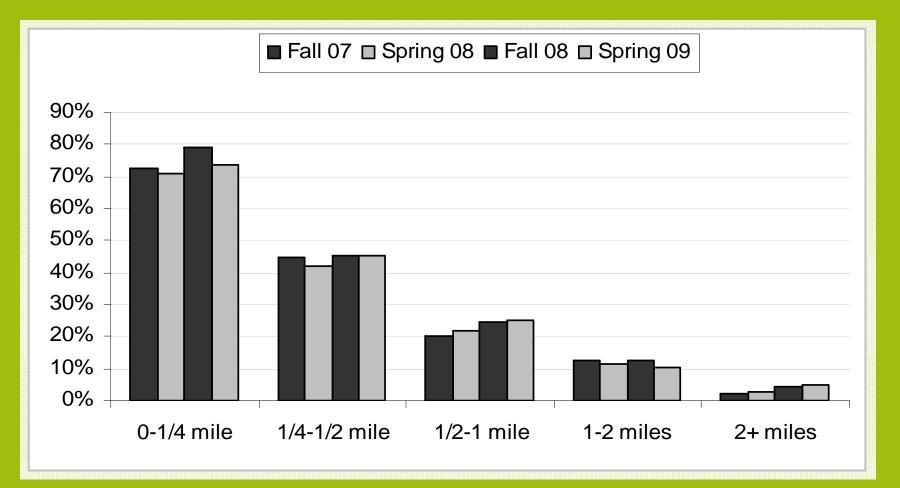
## **Parental Attitudes**

1st Year Cohort 2nd Year Cohort 3rd Year Cohort



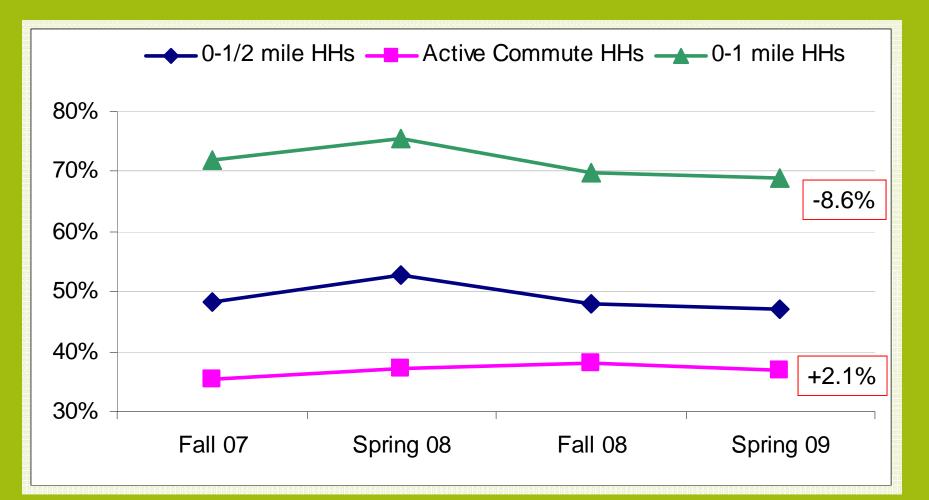
### Distance

#### Percent of Active Commute Households by Distance, Fall 2007-Spring 2009



#### Distance

Student Household Dispersion and Active Commute Rates, Spring 2007—Spring 2009



# Correlates Between Program Components and Parental Attitudes (spring 2009)

		Q12: School encourage ment	Q13: how much Fun	Q14: How health y	Q16: SR2S program impact	School volunte er	Dedicated school staff member	Walk/bi ke Day	Other encourage ment activities	Engineeri ng projects completed
Years of particiaption in	r	.222**	0.053	.053*	.113**	.238**	.367**	241**	.087**	.523**
SRTS program	Ν	1366	1347	1367	926	1401	1401	1401	1401	1401
Active primary	r	.185**	.107**	.098**	.106**	.140**	.065*	.061**	.069*	.058*
mode	Ν	1229	1309	1329	898	1262	1363	1363	1363	1363
Q16: SRTS	r	.346**	.306**	.216**	1	.173**	.109**	.113**	.147**	.190**
program impact	Ν	910	897	909	926	926	926	926	926	926
School volunteer	r	.330**	.159**	.090**	.173**	1	.356**	.210**	.367**	.551**
	Ν	1366	1347	1367	926	1401	1401	1401	1401	1401
Dedicated school	r	.087**	0.032	.063**	.109**	.356**	1	146**	053**	.405**
staff member	Ν	1366	1347	1367	926	1401	1401	1401	1401	1401
Walk/bike Day	r	.074**	.085**	.098**	.113**	.210**	146**	1	.279**	.059*
	Ν	1366	1347	1367	926	1401	1401	1401	1401	1401
Other encouragement activities	r	.314**	.149**	.120**	.147**	.367**	053*	.279**	1	.160**
	Ν	1366	1347	1367	926	1401	1401	1401	1401	1401
Engineering projects completed	r	.230**	.100**	0.043	.190**	.551**	.405**	.059*	.160**	1
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