



Evaluating the impact of implementing a public bicycle share program on utilitarian cycling: The case of BIXI in Montreal, Canada















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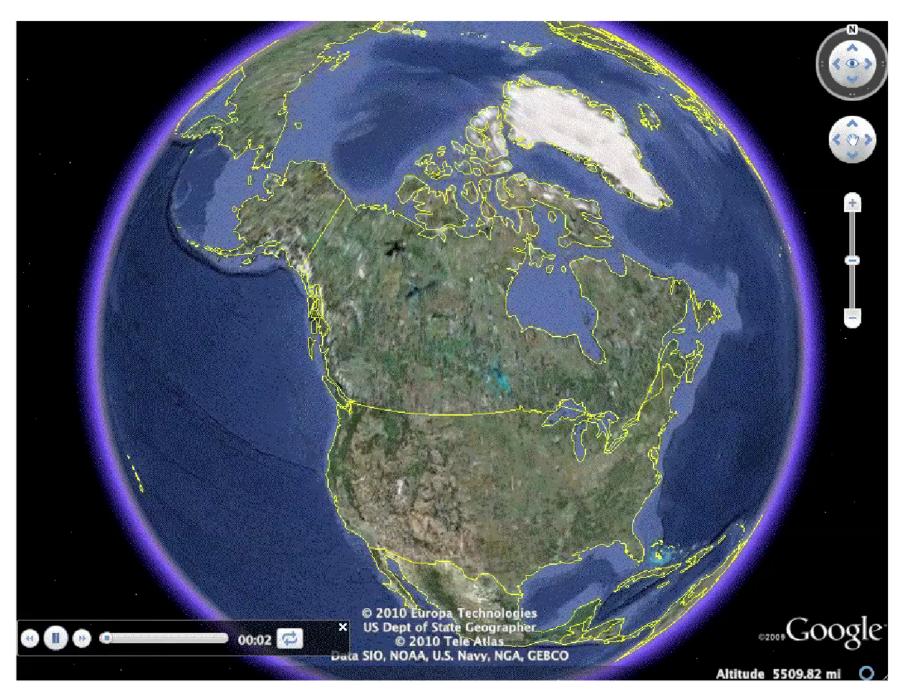
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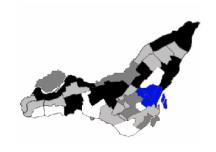








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#### Pre-implementation

- May 4th and June 10th 2009
- n=200I
- Mean age: 49.4 years
- 55.4% female
- 36.9% response rate

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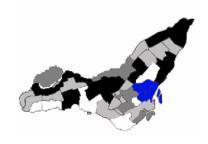


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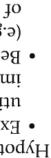


## $O_2$



#### Post-implementation

- October 8th December 12th 2009
- n=2502
- Mean age: 47.8 years
- 61.8% female
- 34.6% response rate

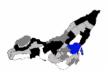




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#### Pre-implementation

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Hypothesis:

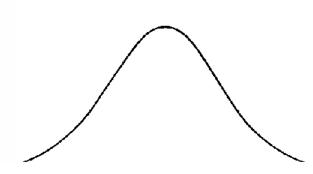
• Exposure to BIXI docking stations will increase utilitarian cycling between the pre and post-implementation periods in Montreal implementation periods in Montreal (e.g., 30 minute free period), there will be no effect of implementing the program on recreational program of the program of the

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### Analysis

- Post-stratification weighting
- Multivariate logistic regression

# Dependent variables pred Litilitarian cycling (y/n)

• Multivariate logistic regress:

### Dependent variables

- Utilitarian cycling (y/n)
- Recreational cycling (y/n)
- Utilitarian walking (y/n)

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# 'Natural' intervention



# Challenges:

- Timeline for evaluation
- Design
- Hypothesis testing



# Intervention Specifity

- Utilitarian cycling
- Recreational cycling
- Utilitarian walking
- BMI



#### Hypothesis:

- Exposure to BIXI docking stations will increase utilitarian cycling between the pre and postimplementation periods in Montreal
- Because the BIXI program targets utilitarian cycling (e.g., 30 minute free period), there will be no effect of implementing the program on recreational cycling and utilitarian walking



• Multivariate logistic regress

## Dependent variables

- Utilitarian cycling (y/n)
- Recreational cycling (y/n)
- Utilitarian walking (y/n)

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# Independent variables

- Survey Period (pre/post)
- Exposure to BIXI
- Survey period \* Exposure to BIXI



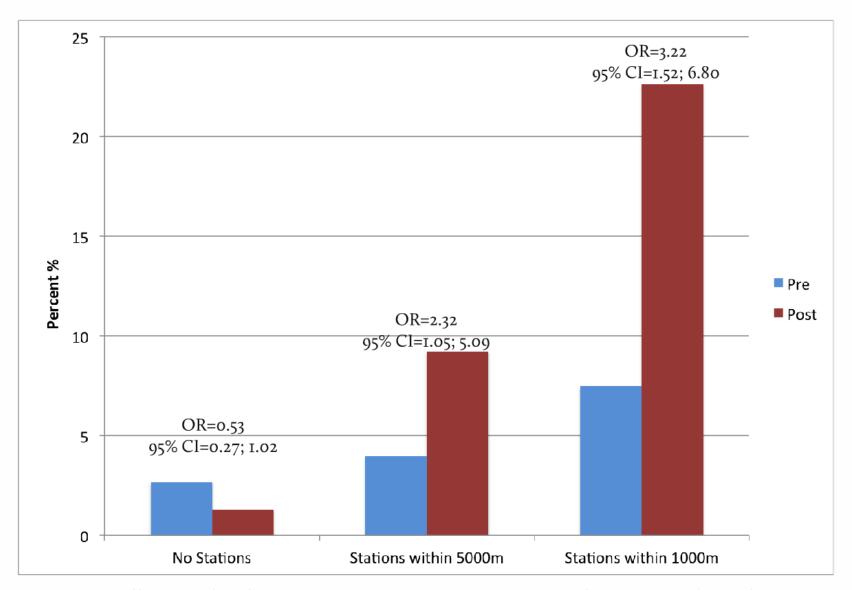
### Covariates

- Land use
- Street connectivity
- Age
- Sex
- Education
- Employement

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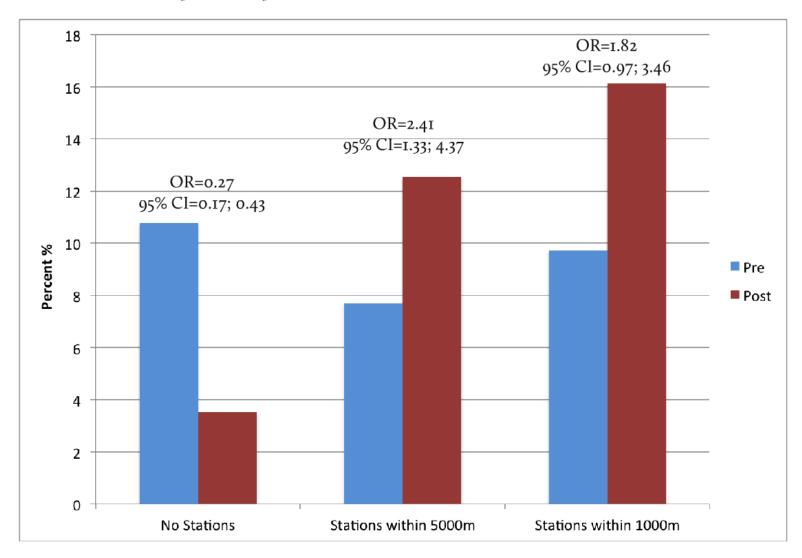
### Percent of utilitarian cycling by exposure to BIXI stations pre and post implementation of BIXI in Montreal



Controlling for land use, street connectivity, age, sex, education and employement



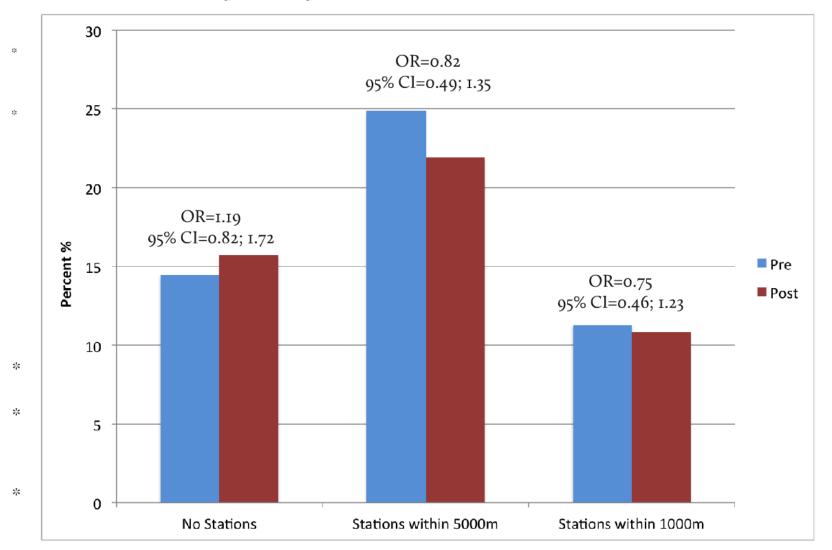
### Percent of recreational cycling by exposure to BIXI stations pre and post implementation of BIXI in Montreal



Controlling for land use, street connectivity, age, sex, education and employement



### Percent of utilitarian walking by exposure to BIXI stations pre and post implementation of BIXI in Montreal



Controlling for land use, street connectivity, age, sex, education and employement



#### Discussion Hypothesis 1:

 BIXI was associated with increases in utilitarian cycling, only in areas were it was deployed



#### Intervention specificity:

- Association with recreational cycling for moderately exposed
- No association on walking



#### Limitations:

- Alternative explanations
- Self-report



