THE THINK TANK AFRICAN AMERICAN PROGRESS

Seven Sound Bites
for Community Conscious Evaluation
for Building Collaborations with
Marginalized Populations

Empowerment Evaluation

- 1. Improvement
- 2. Community Ownership
- 3. Inclusion
- 4. Democratic Participation
- 5. Social Justice
- 6. Community Knowledge
- 7. Evidenced Based Strategies

- 8. Capacity Building
- 9. Organizational Learning
- 10. Accountability

 Caldwell additions
- 11. Multi-Cultural Knowledge
- 12. Socio-Historical Understanding
- 13. Self Knowledge and Introspection

Adopted from Wandersman and Fetterman (2004)

Evaluation As Politics

 Acknowledge that research and evaluation are social political tools and evaluators are socialpolitical agents.

Assess for "evalumotionality"

Community Work is a Lifestyle

Historical influences of Carter G.
 Woodson, W.E.B. DuBois, Ella Baker,
 Vincent Harding.

Social justice and social entrepreneurs

Scholar-Activism

Define Community

- Make distinction between neighborhoods, communities, and community
- Are you conducting community research, community based research, or research in communities?

Power as Dynamic and Fluid

- Acknowledge, appreciate, and willing to share, concede, and mobilize power and influence.
- A lack of resources does not translate into a lack of power.

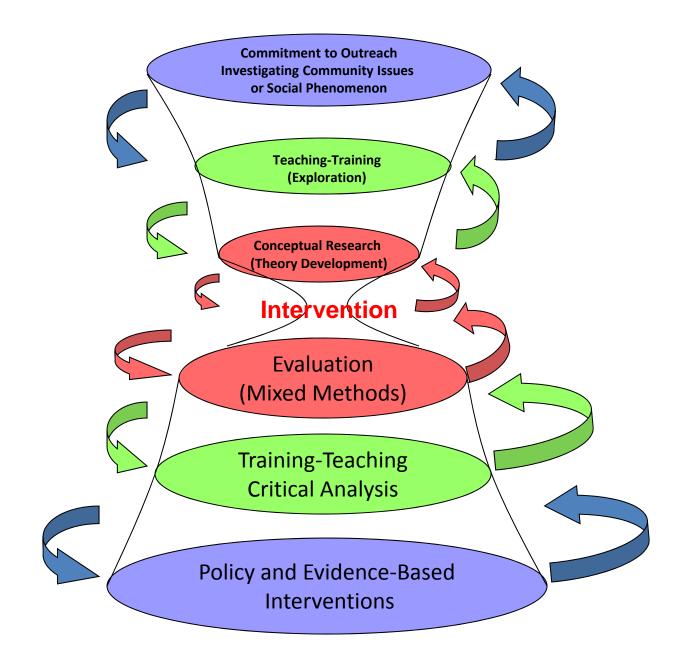
Transdisciplinary Approaches

 Social determinants to health are ecological so must our solutions to health challenges.

Integrity to Purpose

 Acknowledge the reasons why you do your work ... consistently and constantly affirm you purpose as a contributor to improving humanity.

The Scholar-Activist Model © (Caldwell, 2001)



Measuring Our Impact

- Success is defined by multiple measures.
- Capture the process and clarify the outcomes.
- If communities can began to think about new possibilities, create a new language or revive an old liberation language then we have achieved success.
- Realize our power has limits.