





BCNM Baylor College of Medicine Feasibility Study to Simultaneously Objectively Assess Activity and Location of Hispanic-American Preschool Children

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Social Ecological model of child PA









Hispanic Population

- United States: 16.3% Hispanic (↑ 43% in 10 years)
- Texas: 37.8% Hispanic (↑ 42% in 10 years) (US census, 2010)
- Health Disparities:
 - Hispanic preschoolers higher rates of overweight/obesity (27% vs. 33%) (JAMA. 2012;)
 - Hispanic youth may be at higher risk for metabolic syndrome (Hepatology 2005; Prev Chron Dis 2005, MMVR. 2005)
 - Mexican American preschoolers less active than white (Sallis 1993)







Niños Activos Feasibility Study



•Test the feasibility of simultaneously objectively measuring the location and activity of preschool children in Houston, TX

- 1. Assess ability to recruit and obtain location and activity data on preschool children.
- 2. Assess the correlation of GPS data logger and parentreported location diaries to identify the location of preschoolers in Houston, TX.
- 3. Explore identification of travel mode with GPS data
- 4. Explore utilizing location and trip data to assess where Hispanic preschool children are more active.





Niños Activos Feasibility Study

- Hispanic preschool children (n=15)
- Children wore monitors for 24-36 hours
 - -QStarz BT1000X GPS data loggers

-Actigraph GT3X accelerometer



- Parent completed location diary for 12 hr
- Data processing-
 - PALMS: Physical Activity and Location Measurement System at UC San Diego
 - https://ucsd-palms-project.wikispaces.com/







Outcomes of Interest

- 1. Child wear time and % valid data for GPS and accelerometers for 12 hr period
- 2. Correspondence of GPS location to location recorded by parent in location log (Kappa statistic)
- 3. Correspondence of travel mode via GPS and diary (Spearman correlations)
- 4. Association of location and child activity (multilevel models)





Niños Activos Feasibility Study

•Hispanic preschool children (n=15)

- 67% girls, age 4.7 years (0.8), 53% family income <\$50K/yr
- Type of residence
 - •53% single family homes
 - •34% apartments
 - •13% trailer homes
- (1) GPS and accelerometers for 12 hr
 - GPS: 94.7% (sd 20.1) time with data
 - CSA: 12/15 with valid data + 1 re-wear
 - •Mean 10.0 hours (sd 2.7)









(2) Correspondence of location from GPS (PALM's) & diary



*No significant differences in minutes at each location by reporting method





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(2) Correlation of time at location by GPS (PALM's) & diary

Locations	% agreement (SD)	Kappa (SD)
Child's home	92.0 (6.9)	0.79 (0.18)
Other home	91.9 (20.0)	0.49 (0.50)
Store	97.1 (4.3)	0.78 (0.21)
Restaurant	99.5 (1.2)	0.84 (0.04)
Church*	99.2 (2.3)	0.45
Community center	99.9 (0.2)	0.99 (0.1)
Park	99.7 (1.0)	0.78 (0.22)
Other location	99.3 (1.3)	0.78 (0.17)

* Only 1 participant reported location







(3) Spearman correlations of time in travel mode via GPS (PALM's) & diary



Trip detection: ≥ 30 m/min (min of 100 m and duration ≥ 180 seconds) Vehicle speed cut-off: 40 km/hour Walking speed cut-off: 2 km/hour

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* p < 0.01

** p < 0.001

(4) Association of <u>Diary</u> location and child activity (CPM)

Predictors	exp(b)	95% CI	p value
Location (diary) ref: child's			
home			
Other home	1.36	0.51, 3.62	.539
Store	1.15	0.71, 1.86	.570
Restaurant	0.35	0.22, 0.56	<.001
Church	0.91	0.61, 1.37	.662
Community center	0.69	0.39, 1.22	.198
Park	1.77	1.19, 2.64	.005
Other locations	0.67	0.37, 1.21	.185







(4) Association of <u>GPS</u> location and child activity (CPM)

Predictors	exp(b)	95% CI	p value
Location (GPS) ref: child's			
home			
Other home	3.24	0.95, 11.03	.060
Store	1.22	0.72, 2.08	.458
Restaurant	0.50	0.24, 1.00	.050
Church	1.74	1.22, 2.47	.002
Community center	0.76	0.43, 1.33	.331
Park	2.23	1.50, 3.31	<.001
Other locations	0.72	0.35, 1.49	.382







(4) Association of mode of travel to child activity (CPM)

Predictors	exp(b)	95% CI	p value
Trip (GPS) ref: no trip			
Vehicle	0.57	0.41, 0.84	.003
Walking	0.85	0.38, 1.87	.685
Trip (diary) ref: no trip			
Vehicle	0.48	0.35, 0.66	<.001
Walking	1.18	0.7, 1.60	.284







Conclusion Feasibility Study

- 1. Hispanic parents of 3-5 year old children willing
 - Children able to wear both monitors simultaneously
 - GPS data complete
- 2. Good correspondence for location
- 3. Moderate correspondence for mode of transportation using PALMS algorithms
- 4. Able to process simultaneous GPS and CSA data with associations of location and CPM identified







Limitation Feasibility Study



- Convenience sample
- Small sample
- Limited observed time
- Parent reported diary data at 5 minute intervals
- Limitations for detecting travel mode

Future Plans: Assess environmental and parental influences on Hispanic preschoolers PA







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Questions?







Model of Environmental Influences on PA of Hispanic Preschoolers



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Harris County CBG's High/Low Crime, High/Low Traffic







