

2013 Texas Legislator Health Perception Survey: Determining Texas State Legislators' Attitudes and Support for Physical Activity-Focused Policies.

Deanna M. Hoelscher, Heather Atteberry, Tiffni Menendez, Donna Nichols, Diane Dowdy, Marcia Ory Active Living Research 2014

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- Michael & Susan Dell Center for Healthy Living
- The University of Texas School of Public Health
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Advisory Committee:

- Texas Medical Association
- Texas Hospital Association
- Texas Health Institute
- American Heart Association

• Project Members:

• Deanna M. Hoelscher (PI)

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- Heather Atteberry
- Donna Nichols
- Tiffni Menendez
- Diane Dowdy

- Michelle Hashemi
- Christina Ly
- Whitney Chlon
- Jeanie Donovan

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Background



- Since 2001, Texas has been progressive in implementation of policies for school physical activity (PE) & coordinated school health (CSH)
 - Requirement of 135 min of MVPA PA/week for elementary schools
 - Requirement of 225 min PA/every 2 weeks for middle schools
 - CSH for grades K-8
 - School Health Advisory Councils (SHACs)
 - Fitnessgram testing in children with PE

Source: Hoelscher et al., 2011; Ory et al., 2013



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Current Political Landscape in Texas

- Texas Legislature
 - 181 members (150 House, 31 Senate)
 - Biannual sessions (140 days)
- Texans are not engaged citizens
 - 51st in voter turnout (2010)
 - 49th in civic engagement
- In 2011, over 50% of Texas Legislators were new or junior
 - Not aware of history of legislation or issues

Source: Annette Strauss Institute for Civic Life. (2013). *Texas Civic Health Index*. Austin, TX: Lawrence R, Wise D, Einsohn E.

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Purpose: to assess the knowledge, attitudes, and perceptions about obesity prevention and control measures of legislators from the 83rd Texas legislative session (2013).

The <u>purpose of this presentation</u> is to present results for physical activity and related environmental changes.



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Methods

- Mixed Methods:
 - Quantitative & qualitative data
- Developed contact list of legislators
 - Includes health aide or chief of staff
 - Also committee membership
- Administered survey
 - Online, hardcopy, interview
 - During session and during 3 special sessions
 - <u>Target</u>: all legislators
- Administered interviews
 - In-person with aide speaking on behalf of legislator
 - <u>Target</u>: legislators with committee appointments, Farm to Table Caucus









Methods



- **Developed 17-question survey**
 - Adapted from previous surveys (e.g., Tabek et al, 2013; Dodson et al, 2013; Dodson et al, 2011)
 - Policy questions specific to Texas legislature
 - Target: legislator or aide (health or designated)
- **Developed Interview Questionnaire**
 - Selected legislators based on committee assignments and Advisory Committee suggestions
- Timeline
 - Survey & interviews administered March-August 2013
- Data analysis
 - Frequencies, means
 - T-test for differences by House/Senate
 - Thematic analysis

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Demographics



	Total	House	Senate	Rep.	Dem.
Surveys n (%)	83	69 (83%)	12 (14%)	39 (47%)	41 (49%)
Age, y mean	50.9	50.1	55.5	53	48.9
# Sessions mean	4.23	3.97	6	3.44	5.02

How do you usually think of yourself (1=extremely liberal, 8=extremely conservative)

	Total	House	Senate
Fiscal Issues mean	4.49	4.60	4.18
Social Issues mean	4.27	4.50	3.27

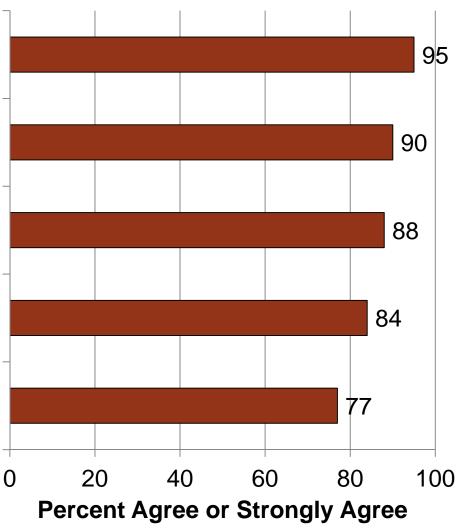


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Beliefs about Childhood Obesity





Health occurs when we live, pray, play, work and attend school.

Schools can have an effect on childhood obesity

Much can be done to lower the incidence of childhood obesity.

There is a link between healthy diet and academics.

There is a link between physical fitness and academics.

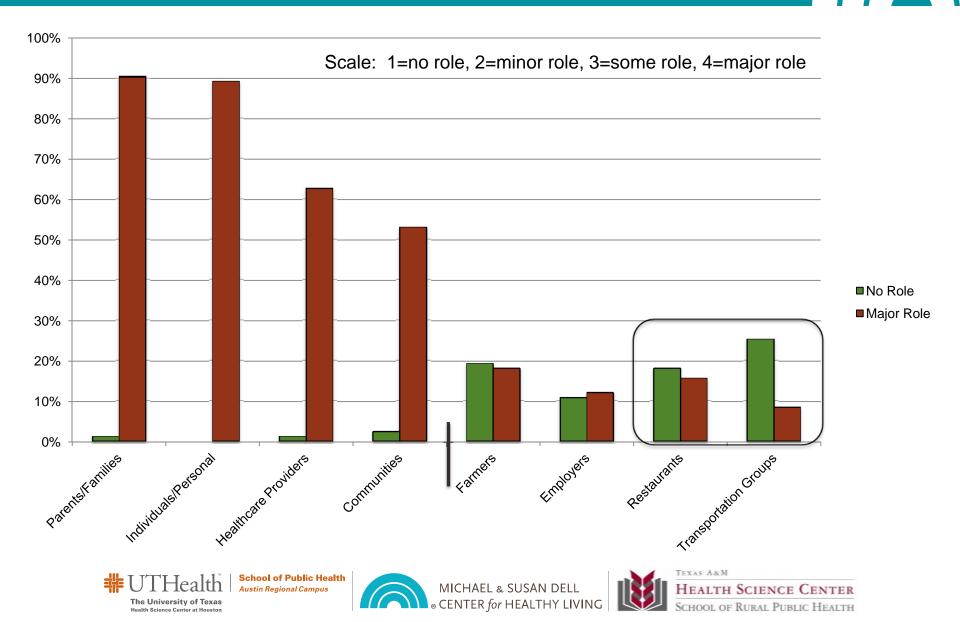
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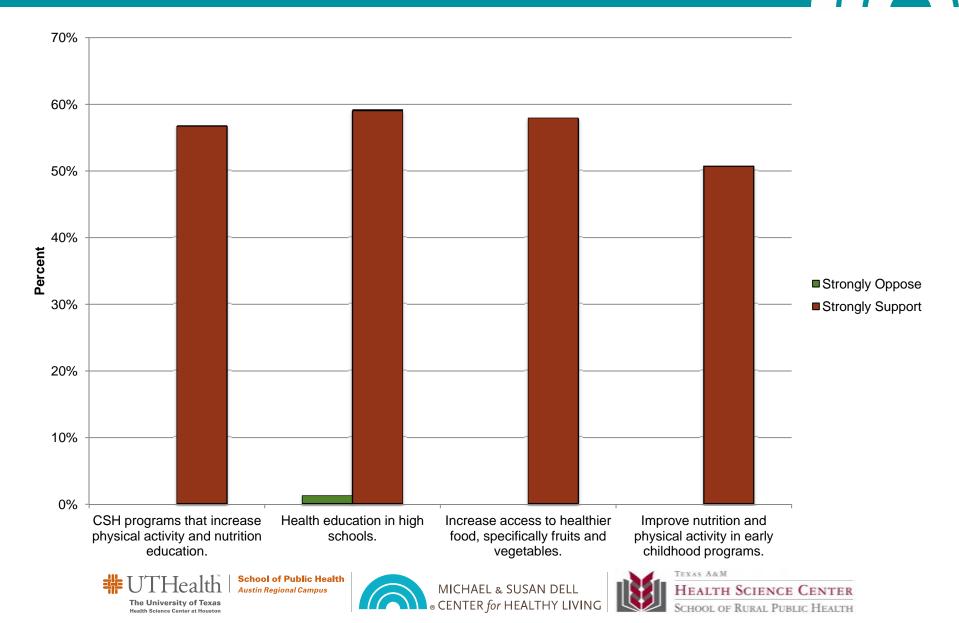
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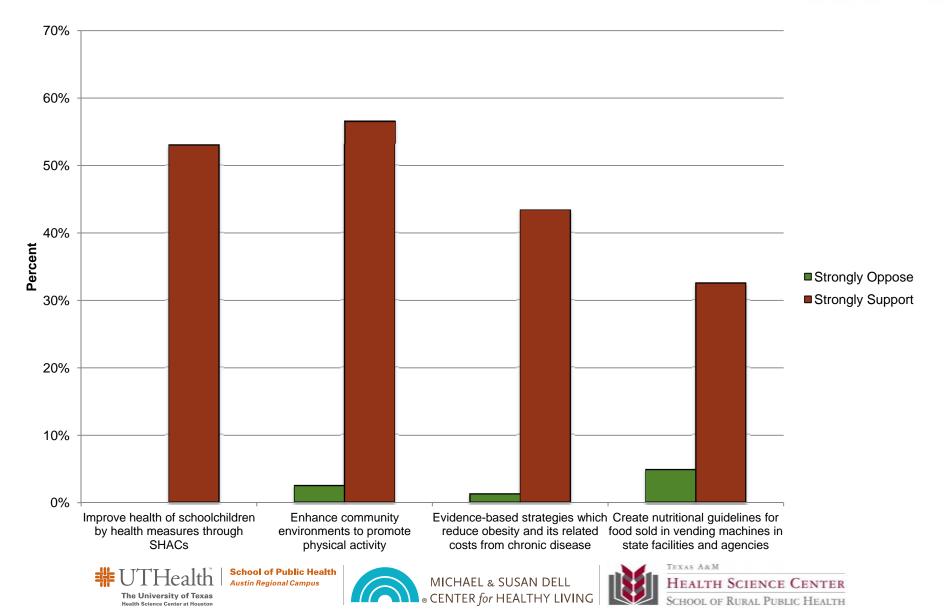
How much of a role should each play in fighting the obesity problem in Texas?



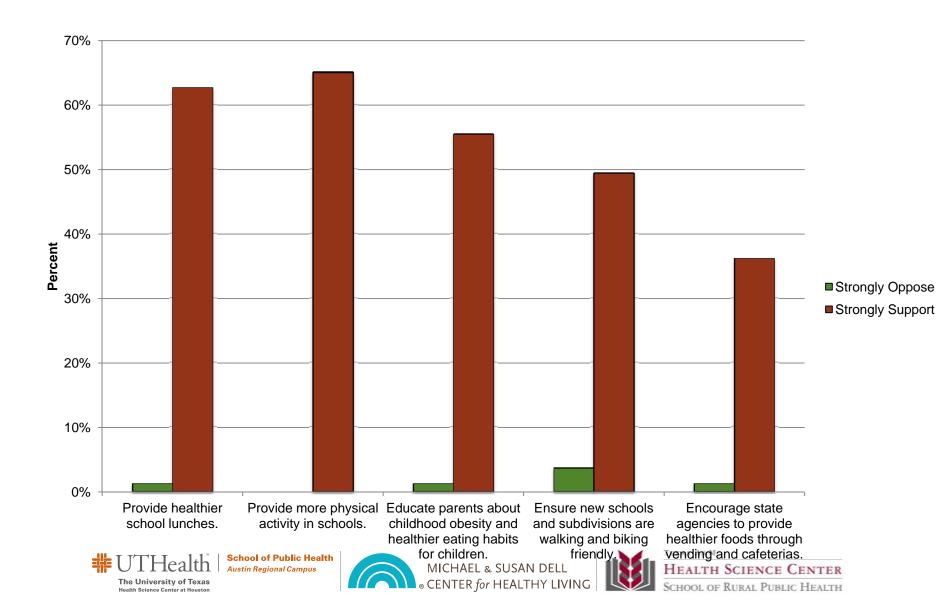
Would you support or oppose the following policy recommendations?



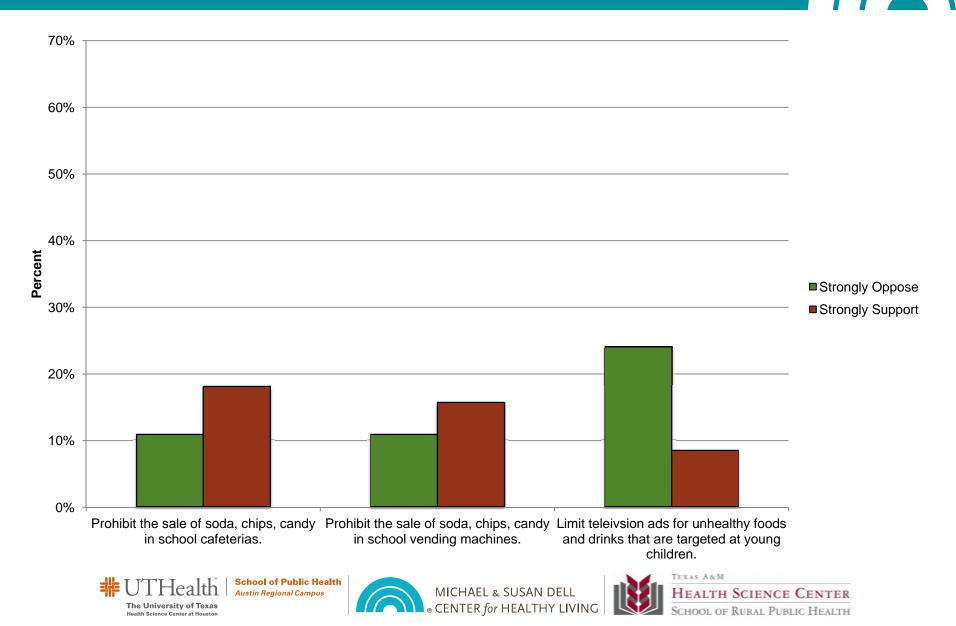
Would you support or oppose the following policy recommendations?



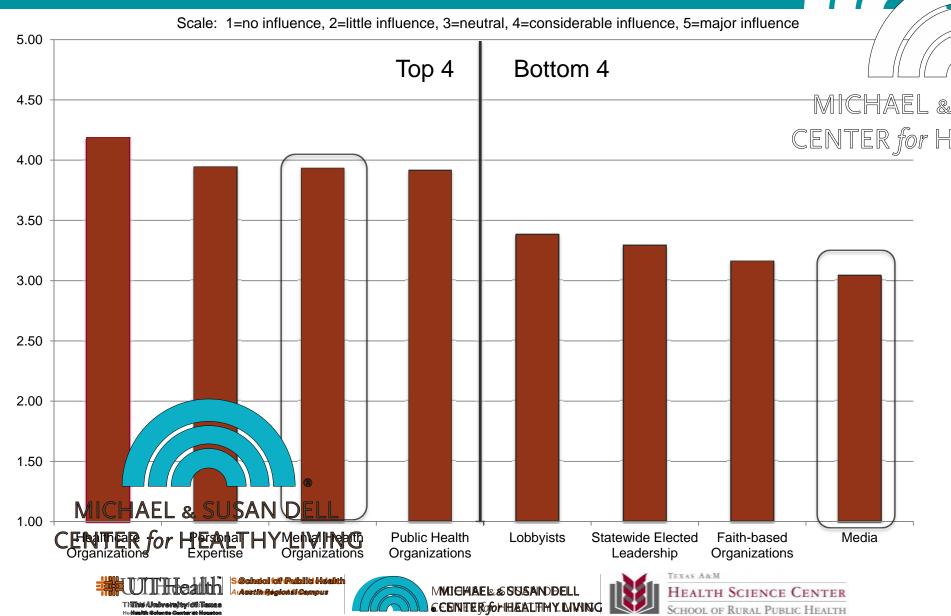
How much do you support or oppose the following environmental standards or practices?



How much do you support or oppose the following environmental standards or practices?



How influential are the following sources of information to you as a state legislator on health issues?



How would you like to receive public health & obesity related information?



	Yes n (%)
Email	65 (79%)
Website	60 (76%)
Written Information	50 (63%)
Personal Communication	38 (49%)
Social Media	37 (47%)
Other Flyers Phone Calls	5 (24%)



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What would make research more useful to legislators?



- Providing hard numbers that are specific to Texas
- Communicating frequently with weekly or biweekly reports (especially in the interim)
- Providing information in an easily digestible format (Infographics, figures, etc.)
- Providing the information they need to know in the document with links to more information

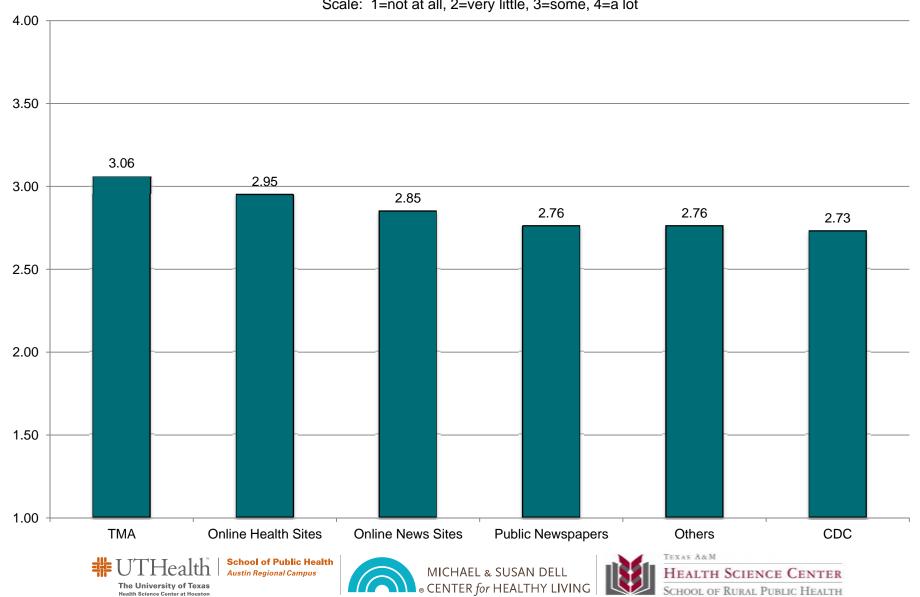








Do you use any of the following resources for obesity, nutrition and physical activity information and policy?



Scale: 1=not at all, 2=very little, 3=some, 4=a lot

Childhood Obesity Messaging

Who are the most credible messengers on childhood obesity?

- Health professionals, especially pediatricians
- Researchers, especially those in higher education

Which terms resonate more: obesity, childhood obesity, healthy living, or health & wellness?

- Prefer the use of childhood obesity since it is specific to the issue and spells out the problem
- Health and wellness could be viewed as too broad a description of the problem

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- Limitations
 - Reliance on legislative aides
 - Short time period
 - Legislators who do not complete surveys
- Strengths
 - Participation rate
 - Advisory Committee participation
 - Interest



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Implications for Practice & Policy

- Communications to address PA policies should address:
 - Funding and
 - Individual-level concerns.
- Efforts should be devoted to educating about:
 - Role of transportation resources &
 - Policies which increase physical activity.
- Resources for legislative action need to be on the Internet
 - Search terms should be optimized.









Questions?

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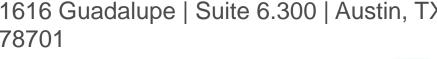
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- **UTHealth** | The University of Texas Health Science Center at Houston
- School of Public Health Austin Regional Campus
- Michael & Susan Dell Center for Healthy Living
- 1616 Guadalupe | Suite 6.300 | Austin, TX 78701

Diane M. Dowdy, Phone H Dowdy@srph@tamh@E@DMR

Texas A&M Health Science Cente

Department of Health Promotion and **Community Health Sciences** MS 1266 | 157 Administration Building | College Station, TX 77843 www.srph.tamhsc.edu



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