



The International Study of Childhood Obesity, Lifestyle and the Environment

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OVERVIEW





Rationale and Design



Assessment of Physical Activity and Diet



Associations Between Physical Activity, Diet and Obesity

CULTURE & DIET





CULTURE & PHYSICAL ACTIVITY









The primary aim of ISCOLE is to determine the relationships between lifestyle behaviours and obesity in a multi-national study of children, and to investigate the influence of higher-order characteristics such as behavioural settings, and the physical, social and policy environments, on the observed relationships within and between countries.





Figure 1 Geographic distribution of the International Study of Childhood Obesity, lifestyle and the environment (ISCOLE) sites.

STRUCTURE & GOVERNANCE



ISCOLE Principal Investigators

Peter T. Katzmarzyk and Timothy S. Church

External Advisory Board

- assess overall progress, rigor and objectivity of ISCOLE
- provide an unbiased assessment of the science and role of the sponsor

Coordinating Center Pennington Biomedical Research Center

- · protocol development
- regulatory oversight
- training of personnel
 - quality control
- study administration
 - logistics
 - biostatistics

Project Committees

- Ancillary Studies Committee
 - Publications Committee
 - Education Committee
- Accelerometer Analysis Committee

12 Study Site Principal Investigators

- site-specific protocol development
 - · data collection
 - regulatory compliance

Data Management Center Wake Forest University

• develop and maintain web-based data entry and management platform

METHODS OVERVIEW







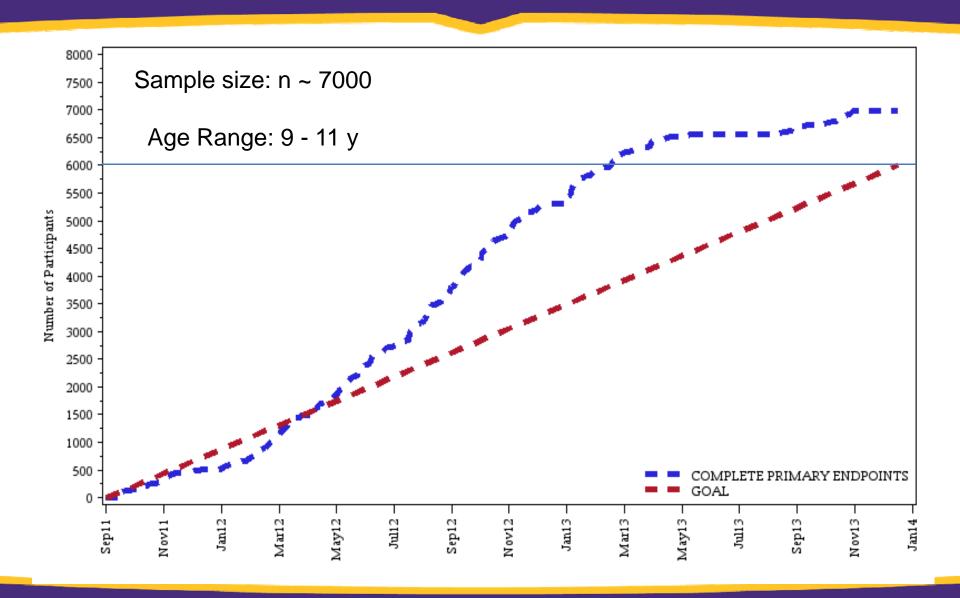






DATA COLLECTION





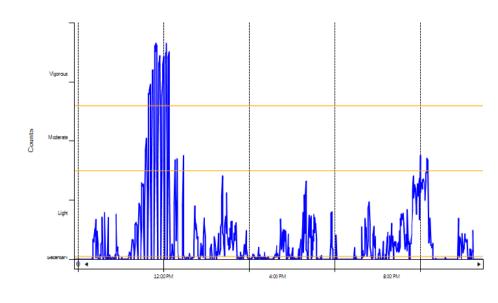
INNOVATION



24-hour Waist-worn Accelerometry for 7 Continuous Days

Data collected at 80 Hz continuously for 7 days, analyzed in 15-s epochs.



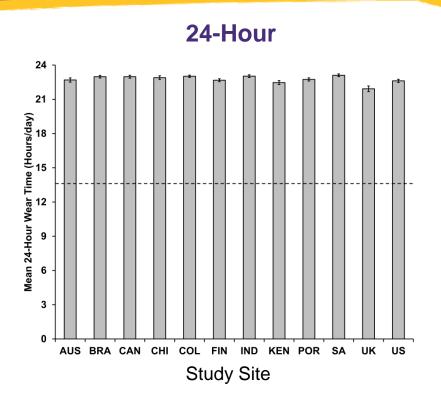


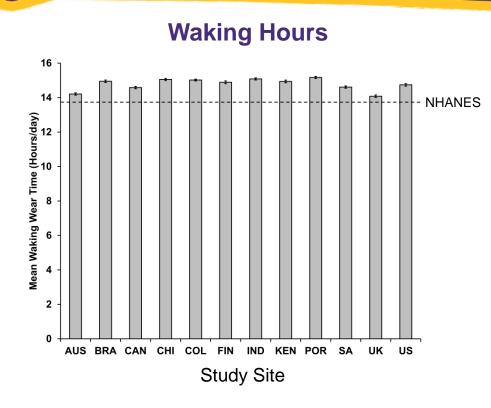
Metrics

- Sleep duration and efficiency
- Sedentary time and physical activity
 - Steps/day
 - Peak cadence

COMPLIANCE







U.S. Site: Total wear time: 22.6 h

Waking wear time: 14.7 h/day (NHANES = 13.7 h/day)

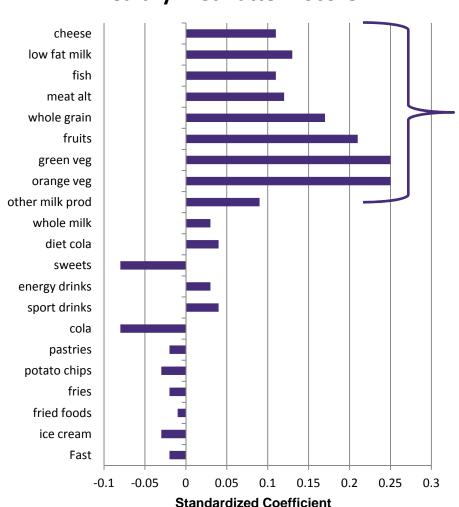
Valid days: 6.4 days (NHANES = 6.0 days)

Tudor-Locke et al. IJBNPA 2015 (in press).

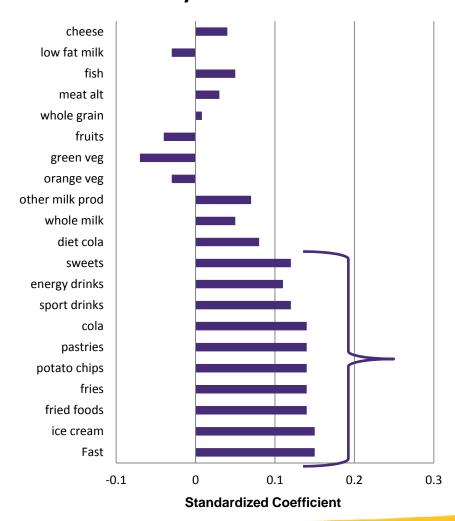
DIETARY PATTERNS



Healthy Diet Pattern Score



Unhealthy Diet Pattern Score



CORRELATES OF OBESITY



	OR	95% CI	
	Boys		
MVPA	0.48	0.41, 0.56	
TV TIME	1.15	1.05, 1.27	
Healthy Diet Score	1.11	0.98, 1.24	
Unhealthy Diet Score	0.97	0.86, 1.10	
	Girls		
MVPA	0.40	0.32, 0.50	
TV TIME	1.07	0.96, 1.19	
Healthy Diet Score	1.10	0.97, 1.26	
Unhealthy Diet Score	0.97	0.83, 1.13	

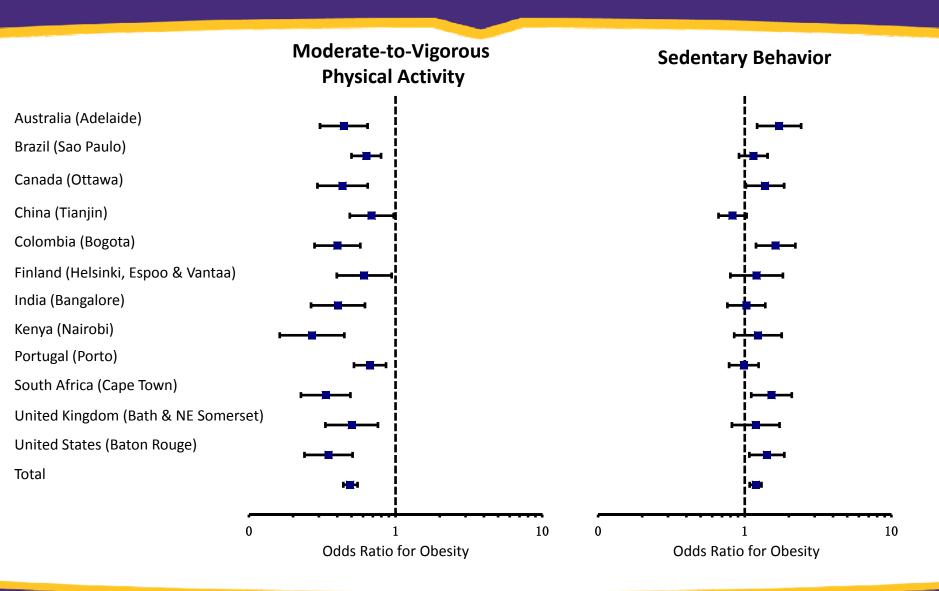
⁻ All models were adjusted for age, socio-economic status, site*socio-economic status and all variables in the table.

⁻ The combined analyses of boys and girls were also adjusted for sex.

⁻ Odds ratios (OR) are expressed per approximate SD: MVPA = 25 min; healthy diet score = 1; unhealthy diet score = 1.

MVPA, SEDENTARY TIME & OBESITY





MVPA



Results of Receiver Operating Characteristic (ROC) Curve Analyses for the Associations Among Moderate-to-Vigorous Physical Activity and Obesity in 6,548 9-11 Year Old Children

			Threshold,		
	AUC (95% C.I.)	Youden Index	min/day (95% CI)	Sensitivity (%)	Specificity (%)
Boys (n = 2,992)	0.68 (0.66 - 0.70)	0.266	65 (55 - 74)	69	57
Girls (n = $3,556$)	0.66 (0.64 - 0.67)	0.238	49 (41 - 58)	69	55
Total (n = 6,548)	0.64 (0.62 - 0.65)	0.205	55 (46 - 60)	65	55

AUC, area under the curve; CI, confidence interval.

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT



ISCOLE represents a multi-national <u>collaboration</u> among all world regions, and represents a global effort to <u>increase research understanding, capacity and infrastructure</u> in childhood physical activity and obesity.

<u>240 people</u> have worked on ISCOLE to date, including junior and senior scientists, postdoctoral fellows, students and staff.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS



We wish to thank the ISCOLE External Advisory Board and the ISCOLE participants and their families who made this study possible. In addition, we would thank the following individuals at each of the participating sites who made substantial contributions to ISCOLE: Coordinating Center, Pennington Biomedical Research Center: Denise Lambert, RN (Project Manager), Tiago Barreira, PhD, Ben Butitta, BS, Shannon Cocreham, BS, Kara Dentro, MPH, Katy Drazba, MPH, Deirdre Harrington, PhD, Dione Milauskas, BS, Emily Mire, MS, Allison Tohme, MPH, Ruben Rodarte MS, MBA; Data Management Center, Wake Forest University: Bobby Amoroso, BS, John Luopa, BS, Rebecca Neiberg, MS, Scott Rushing, BS; Australia, University of South Australia: Lucy Lewis, PhD, Katia Ferrar, B Physio (Hon); Brazil, Centro de Estudos do Laboratório de Aptidão Física de São Caetano do Sul (CELAFISCS): Sandra Matsudo, MD, PhD, Timoteo Araujo, MSc, Luis Carlos de Oliveira, MSc, Leandro Rezende, BSc, Luis Fabiano, BSc, Diogo Bezerra, BSc; Canada, Children's Hospital of Eastern Ontario Research Institute: Priscilla Bélanger, BSc, Mike Borghese, BSc, Charles Boyer, MA, Allana LeBlanc, MSc, Geneviève Leduc, PhD; China, Tianjin Women's and Children's Health Center: Chengming Diao, MSc, Wei Li, BSc, Weigin Li, MPH, Enging Liu, MD, Gongshu Liu, MD, Hongyan Liu, MPH, Jian Ma, MD, Yijuan Qiao, MSc, Huiguang Tian, PhD, Yue Wang, MD, Tao Zhang, MPH, Fuxia Zhang, MSc; Colombia, Universidad de los Andes: Julio Acosta, Yalta Alvira, BS, Maria Paula Diaz, Maria Paula Garcia, Lisseth Gonzalez, Silvia Gonzalez, RD, Carlos Grijalba, MD, Leidys Gutierrez, David Leal, Nicolas Lemus, Etelvina Mahecha, BS, Maria Paula Mahecha, Rosalba Mahecha, BS, Andrea Ramirez, MD, Paola Rios, MD, Andres Suarez, Camilo Triana; Finland, University of Helsinki: Elli Hovi, BS, Jemina Kivelä, Sari Räsänen, BS, Sanna Roito, BS, Taru Saloheimo, MS, Leena Valta; India, St. Johns Research Institute: Rebecca Kuriyan, PhD, Deepa P. Lokesh, BSc, Michelle Stephanie D'Almeida, BSc, Annie Mattilda R, MSc, Lygia Correa, BSc, Vijay D, BSc; Kenya, Kenyatta University: Joy Lucy Muthoni, MEd, Stella Muthuri, MSc; Portugal, University of Porto: Alessandra da Silva Borges, BA, Sofia Oliveira Sá Cachada, Msc, Raquel Nichele de Chaves, MSc, Thayse Natacha Queiroz Ferreira Gomes, MSc, Sara Isabel Sampaio Pereira, BA, Daniel Monteiro de Vilhena e Santos, MSc, Fernanda Karina dos Santos, MSc, Pedro Gil Rodrigues da Silva, BA, Michele Caroline de Souza, MSc; South Africa, University of Cape Town: Matthew April, BSc (Hons), Monika Uys, BSc (Hons), Nirmala Naidoo, MSc, Nandi Synyanya, Madelaine Carstens, BSc(Hons); United Kingdom, University of Bath: Sean Cumming, PhD, Clemens Drenowatz, PhD, Lydia Emm, MSc, Fiona Gillison, PhD, Julia Zakrzewski, PhD; United States, Pennington Biomedical Research Center: Ashley Braud, Sheletta Donatto, MS, LDN, RD, Corbin Lemon, BS, Ana Jackson, BA, Ashunti Pearson, MS, Gina Pennington, BS, LDN, RD, Ryan Roubion, John Schuna, Jr., PhD; Derek Wiltz; External Advisory Board: Alan Batterham, PhD, Teesside University, Jacqueline Kerr, PhD, University of California, San Diego; Michael Pratt, MD, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Angelo Pietrobelli, MD, Verona University Medical School.

ISCOLE is funded by The Coca-Cola Company.

The study sponsor has no role in study design, data collection, analysis, conclusions or publications.