Translating Research into Policy: New York City's Executive Order on Active Design

Megan Lent, MPH Bureau of Chronic Disease Prevention and Tobacco Control New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Active Living Research Annual Conference February 23, 2015



What is Active Design?

 Urban design strategies for creating neighborhoods, streets, and outdoor spaces that encourage walking, bicycling, active transportation, and recreation

 Building design strategies for promoting active lifestyles through the placement and design of stairs, elevators, and indoor and outdoor spaces



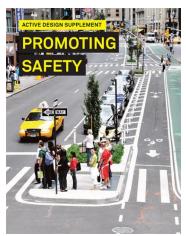
Background and Purpose

- **Evidence:** active design strategies can increase physical activity; environmental and policy change interventions are an evidence-based approach
- Mechanism: Through executive action, local government can act as an agent of change by incorporating active design into its own practices
- Reach: NYC government designs, builds, renovates, and maintains neighborhoods, streets, parks, and buildings used by millions

Building Support for Active Design in NYC

- Annual Fit City conferences
- Development of the Active Design Guidelines (ADGs)
- LEED Pilot Credit for Active Occupants
- Trainings for design community on the ADGs
- Voluntary adoption of ADG strategies by many City agencies





Process

- Multi-agency Obesity Task Force convened by Mayor in 2012; one of the recommendations included:
 - The City should lead by example and evaluate all City construction projects for active design opportunities

 City Hall, along with the Departments of Buildings, Design + Construction, Citywide Administrative Services, Transportation and Health led the drafting process

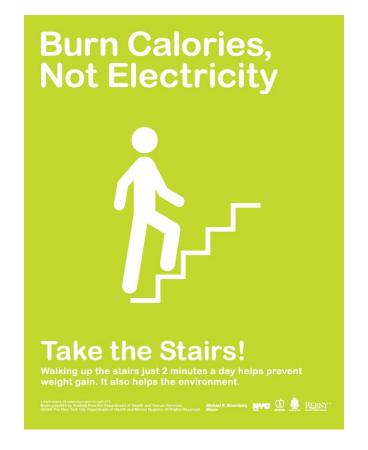
All City agencies vetted the policy language

Executive Order Summary

- Section 1 requires City agencies to:
 - Review new construction and major renovation projects for inclusion of active design opportunities
 - Consider strategies from the ADGs & the Department of Transportation's Street Design Manual
 - Where relevant, specify use of active design in procurement solicitation or contracts
 - Provide information on ADGs and active design strategies in relevant guidelines, standards, handbooks
 - Incorporate LEED Credit "Design for Active Occupants" where practicable

Executive Order Summary

- Section 2 requires City agencies to:
 - Assess opportunities to promote stairway use in City-owned and City-leased buildings and portions of buildings, including:
 - Designating a stairway for occupant and public use
 - Installing signage encouraging stairway use



Executive Order Summary

Section 3

- Department of Design + Construction, in coordination with Health, will coordinate trainings for Agencies on the ADGs
- Agencies shall encourage design and construction personnel to participate in trainings on active design

Section 4

Takes effect immediately [June 27, 2013]

<u>Implementation</u>

- City construction and renovation projects are reviewed for inclusion of active living-promoting strategies during the design process
- Both the Departments of Design + Construction and Health have in-house positions dedicated to advance active design within City agencies and with community groups
- Trainings for City agency staff and design professionals are provided by the Center for Active Design
- Requests for proposals include reference to the ADGs where practicable

Lessons Learned

 Input and buy-in from impacted City agencies is crucial for both policy development and implementation

 Trainings for City agency staff and design professionals increase understanding and build demand for active design

 Partnerships with relevant non-profit and professional organizations promote demand for and use of active design strategies

Limitations

 Agencies are required to review projects for active design opportunities and incorporate strategies where feasible

 In some cases, results will be slow to see due to lengthy construction timelines

Long-term health outcomes may be difficult to measure

Next Steps

 Tracking use of ADG strategies in the design of City office buildings and public facilities

Future policy efforts may be informed by this information

Conclusions

- Executive action can be a tool to integrate healthpromoting strategies into city practice
- This is an example of a strategy to increase incorporation of evidence-based active living elements into NYC's built environment

Part of a comprehensive strategy to reduce chronic disease

Thank you!

Co-authors:

Maura Kennelly, NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Reena Agarwal, Center for Active Design

Karen Lee, NYC Department of Health and Mental Hygiene

Colleagues:

Lee Altman Suzanne Nienaber

Christine Johnson Curtis Kimberley Rasch

Josh Langham Sarah Wolf

Eve Lehrman



@nychealthy



@drmarytbassett



Eat Healthy, Be Active NYC



mlent@health.nyc.gov

Executive Order 359