

# Evaluating active living environment and policy changes in communities: Concepts, strategies and methods

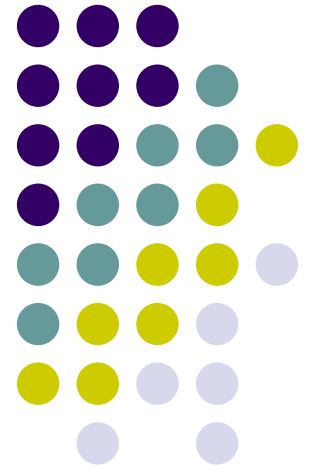
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Larry Green & Judith Ottoson

Laura Brennan Ramirez & Cheryl Kelly

February 22, 2007

Active Living Research Conference



# Session Overview



- Introductions: Larry, Judith, Laura & Cheryl
- Audience assessment
- Overview of seminar
- Larry & Judith
  - Kaiser Foundation
  - ALR grantees
- Laura & Cheryl
  - RWJF ALbD initiative
- Discussion/questions
- Interactive agenda setting: evaluation of environment and policy initiatives
  - Advancing research
  - Advancing practice



# Evaluation Team



- Internal Project Team
  - PI: Laura Brennan Ramirez, PhD, MPH (Transtria)
  - Project Manager: Cheryl Kelly, PhD, MPH (Transtria)
  - Co-I: Ross Brownson, PhD (Saint Louis University School of Public Health)
- Evaluation Consultants
  - Beth Baker, PhD, MPH (Saint Louis University School of Public Health)
  - Kelly Evenson, PhD (University of North Carolina)
  - Susan Handy, PhD (University of California – Davis)
  - Jim Sallis, PhD (San Diego State University)
  - M. Katherine Kraft, PhD (Independent Consultant)



# Evaluation Team

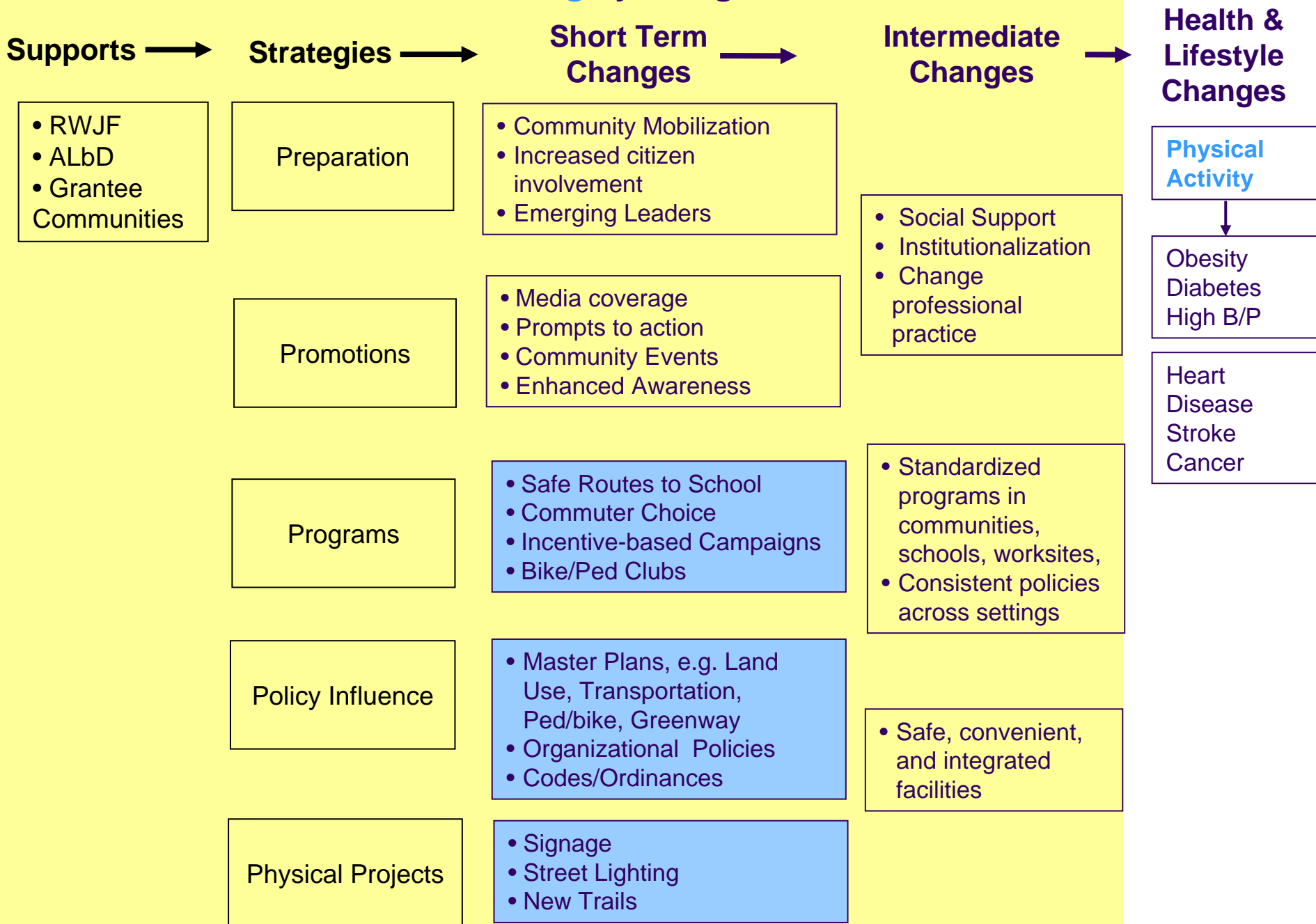
- Active Living by Design
  - Sarah Strunk, MHA (Director)
  - Richard Bell, MCP (Project Officer)
  - Phil Bors, MPH (Project Officer)
  - Helen Mahan (Project Officer)
  - Omisade Burney-Scott (Project Officer)
  - Mark Dessauer (Communications Officer)
- Robert Wood Johnson Foundation
  - Laura Leviton, PhD (Senior Program Officer)



# Evaluation Initiative

- 3 year evaluation (start November 1, 2006)
  - 25 communities across the U.S. (intervention activities)
  - ALbD National Program Office (technical assistance to communities)
  - RWJF Funding (\$200,000 over five years)
- Guided by the ALbD Action Model
  - Preparation
  - Promotions
  - Programs
  - Policy influence\*
  - Physical projects\*

# Active Living by Design Action Model



# Community Partnerships (CPs)

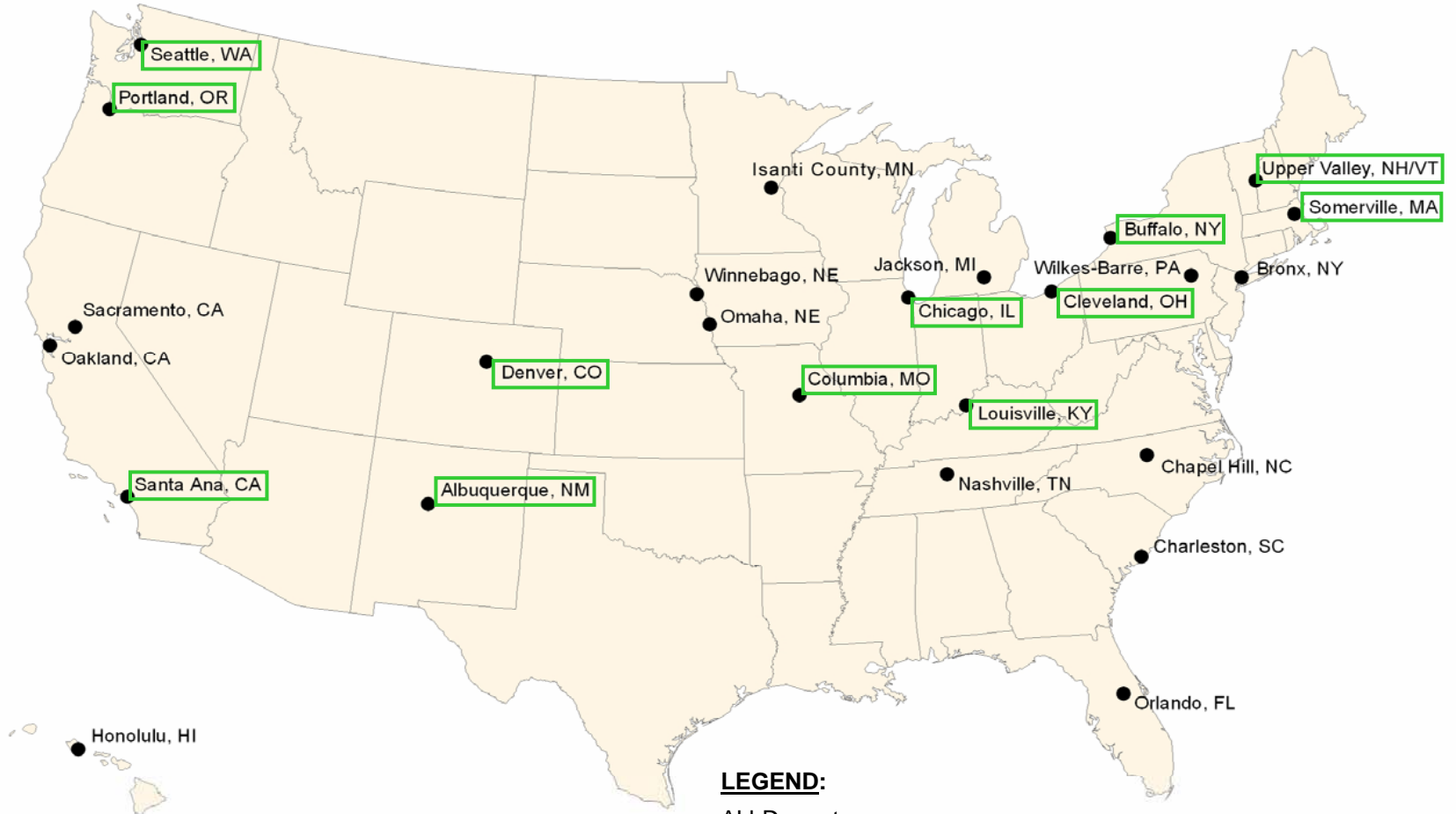


- 25 Communities
  - CP received \$200,000
  - Populations such as children, adults, African Americans, Native Americans, Latinos, lower income
  - Settings such as communities, schools, parks, worksites
  - Activities to address community design, land use, transportation, architecture, trails
  - Influence both recreation- and transportation-related physical activity



ACTIVE LIVING  
BY DESIGN

# Active Living by Design Community Partnerships



**LEGEND:**

ALbD grantees

ALbD and Healthy Eating by Design grantees



# RWJF Evaluation Philosophy



- **To learn from a program, policy, or strategy.**
  - How to improve the program
  - What works under what circumstances
  - An evidence base for:
    - social change
    - practice in the field
    - Foundation grantmaking
- **The goal is to inform the field.**
- **To learn, we need collaboration.**
  - Intellectual collaboration
  - Planning and logistics

# Audiences for the Evaluation

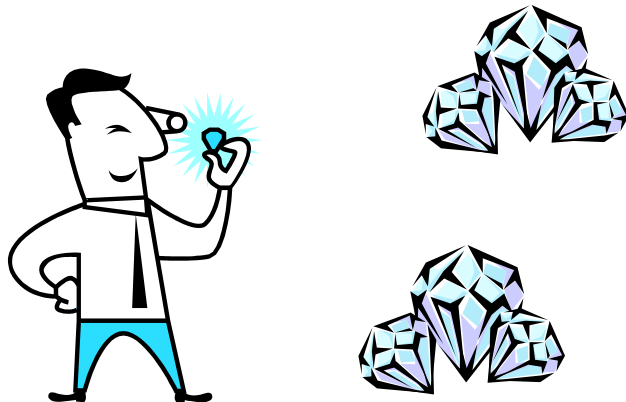


- “The field” – the policy and built environments that promote physical activity
- Other funders and co-funders
- Grantees – for sustainability
- The Foundation Board of Trustees
- Foundation Staff
- The ALbD NPO

# Evaluation Means Assigning Value

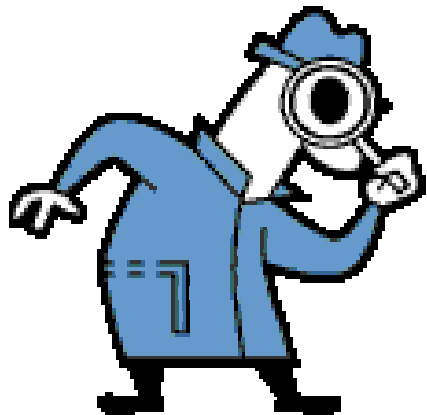


- ◆ To policies and environments
- ◆ To programs
- ◆ To practices



- Systematic inquiry
- Often research, might not be
- Conclusions justified by a standard of evidence

# Evaluation Is *Not*



- Auditing
- Spying
- Grading
- Spin

# The Evaluation Approach



Three components:

1. **ALR-funded studies** in two communities (Columbia, Somerville)
  - Comprehensive, local investigator-initiated with Project Director involvement and support
  - Launch in January 2007
2. **Policy case studies** in five communities (Albuquerque, Bronx, Louisville, Sacramento, Wilkes-Barre)
  - Led by Larry Brown, Columbia University
  - Launch in November/December 2006
3. **Cross-site evaluation** in all communities (at varying levels)
  - Led by Laura Brennan Ramirez and Cheryl Kelly, Transtria LLC
  - Launch in November 2006



ACTIVE LIVING  
BY DESIGN

Increasing physical activity through  
community design



# ALBD Evaluation



ALbD Communities	ALR awards	Brown Case Studies	Brennan Ramirez Pre/Post	Brennan Ramirez Cross-Site
Albuquerque		X	X	X
Bronx		X		X
Buffalo				X
Chapel Hill				X
Charleston				X
Chicago				X
Cleveland			X	X
Columbia	X			X
Denver				X
Honolulu				X
Isanti				X
Jackson				X
Louisville		X		X
Nashville				X
Oakland				X
Omaha				X
Orlando			X	X
Portland				X
Sacramento		X		X
Santa Ana			X	X
Seattle			X	X
Somerville	X			X
Upper Valley				X
Wilkes-Barre		X		X
Winnebago			X	X



**ACTIVE LIVING  
BY DESIGN**

Increasing physical activity through  
community design





# Evaluation Aims

- Assess the environmental impacts of physical projects and related policy changes (physical activity behavior, if possible)
- Document interventions implemented and intended/unintended consequences
- Identify strengths and challenges in planning, developing and implementing interventions

# Evaluation Aims and Methods



- AIM #1: Assess the environmental impacts of physical project and related policy changes (physical activity behavior, if possible)
  - For communities that have implemented physical projects:
    - Document implementation through environmental audits and direct observation of community members' behaviors
  - For communities that have plans to implement physical projects, including Cleveland, Seattle, Winnebago, Orlando, Santa Ana and Albuquerque
    - Document pre- and post-observations through audits and direct observation of community members' behaviors



# Pre/Post Evaluation



- Selection Criteria
  - Stage of intervention (before physical changes to environment)
  - Evidence of a policy and environmental intervention
    - Contract for work in place
    - Time frame for project completion
  - Focus of intervention (transportation or recreation)
  - Population (vulnerable populations, children)
  - Policy and environment focus

# Evaluation Aims and Methods



- AIM #2: Document interventions implemented and intended/unintended consequences
  - Collect and analyze data from existing sources
    - PRS, Officer diaries, grantee reports
    - Examples: resources generated, percent of benchmarks achieved
  - Conduct key informant interviews with grantees and ALbD staff
  - Assess organizational capacity through an on-line survey conducted by key informants
  - Focus groups during site visits with staff, partners and community members



# Existing Data

- Information exchange (August 2006)
  - Reviewed each CP and progress to date
  - Examined the ALbD Progress Reporting System (PRS)
- Existing evaluation reports of years 1 and 2
  - Kelly Evenson summary
  - ALbD summary
- CP documents (e.g. workplans, budgets)
- ALbD Lessons Learned

# Key Informant Interviews: Themes



- Community Partnership's Maturity
  - Why established? How long?
- Multidisciplinary Partnership
  - Agencies/organizations/individuals involved?
  - Political support?
  - Community member participation?
- Lead Agency
  - Agency established in community?
  - Support for the partnership?

# Key Informant Interviews: Themes (continued)



- Community Partnership Characteristics
  - Strengths of partnership? Leadership? Support?
  - Challenges of partnership? Participation? Resources?
- Financial Resources of Community Partnership?
  - Funding outside of ALbD?
  - Factors contributing to securing other funds?
  - Challenges in seeking additional resources?
- Sustainability of Community Partnership?
  - Plans for sustaining efforts after ALbD funding ends?
  - Future sources of funding?

# Key Informant Interviews: Themes (continued)



- Staff
  - How leadership was selected? Leadership paid employee or volunteer?
  - Changes in leadership? Why? Impact on partnership?
  - Skills and expertise of staff?
- Other
  - What would you do differently (starting over)?
  - Advice for other communities?
  - Benefits of partnership to addressing 5 P's?

# Organizational Capacity Tool



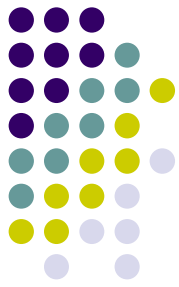
- Partnership purpose and goals
  - Goals defined? Address community needs?
- Partnership functioning
  - Core leadership? Procedures defined? Organized mtgs?
- Partnership leadership
  - Adequate skills? Trust in leadership? Relationship with public officials?
- Partnership resources
  - Space? Equipment?
- Partnership and community served
  - Variety of community groups? Community knowledge about partnership?

# Focus groups



- Describe populations and settings
  - Disadvantaged? Children? Schools? Parks?
  - Population changes? Challenges? Reach?
- Identify physical projects, policy changes, programs and promotions
  - Steps taken? Facilitators? Barriers?
  - Efforts not successful? Why?
  - Biggest impact on the community?
- Technical assistance from ALbD staff
  - Type? Satisfaction with ALbD staff? Satisfaction with PRS?

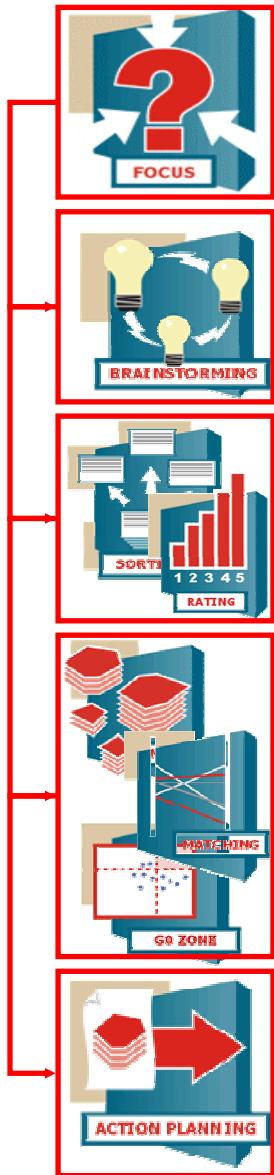




# Evaluation Aims and Methods

- AIM #3: Identify strengths and challenges in planning, developing and implementing interventions
  - Use concept mapping
    - Focus prompt: “One specific action or change in your community to support active living is...”

# The Concept Mapping Process



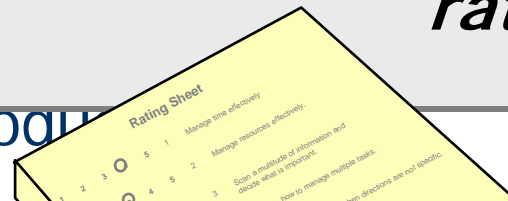
## Plan: Develop a **Focus** and **Identify** Participants

Gen

- **Focus:** e.g. “One thing that we are doing or could do in our setting that would more effectively integrate research with
- Understand the capacity of practitioners to use an evidence base. (5)
- Embrace tenure track models that promote a better integration of practice with research. (46)
- Conduct additional research into effective methods of dissemination. (49)
- Reward practitioners who incorporate science into their practice. (57)
- Implement pay-for performance reimbursement based on measures derived from evidence-based *sort* guidelines. (65)

Com

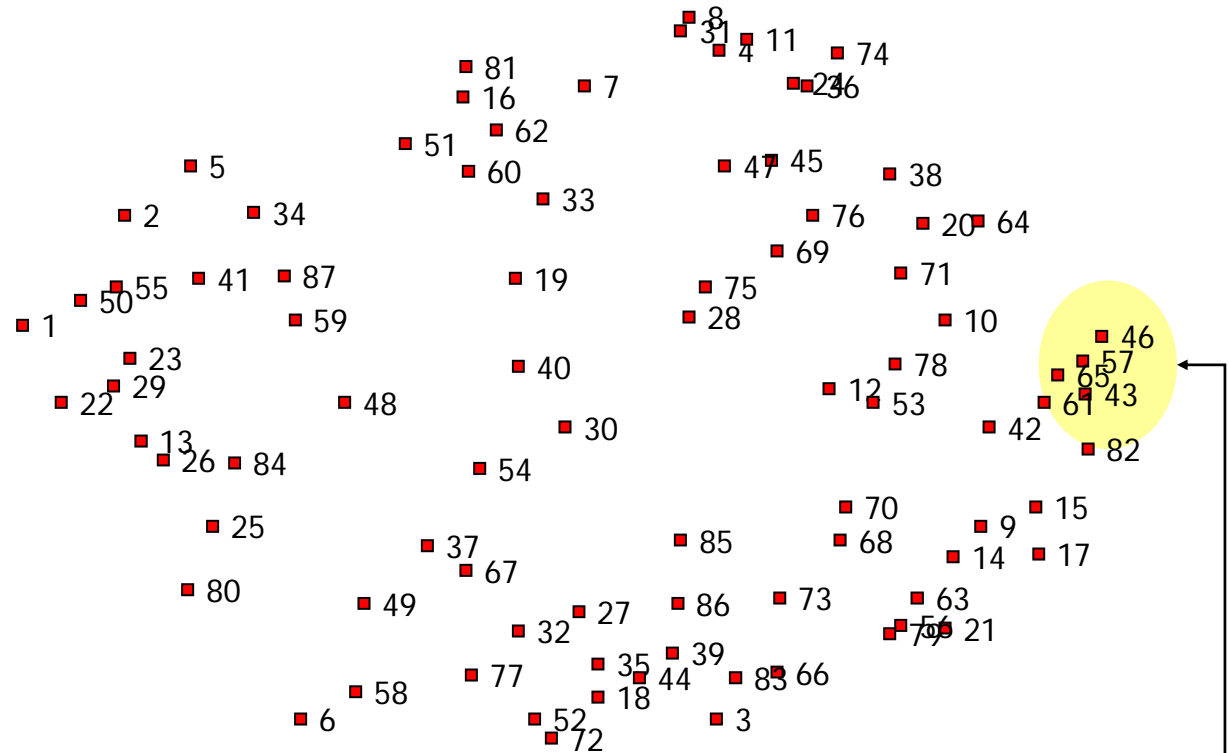
Etc. **MVI** and **Product**



Int

- Aggregate Sort Data
- Multidimensional Scaling
- Hierarchical Cluster Analysis

# Conceptually similar ideas are in close proximity



Embrace tenure track models that promote a better integration of practice with research. (46)

Reward practitioners who incorporate science into their practice. (57)

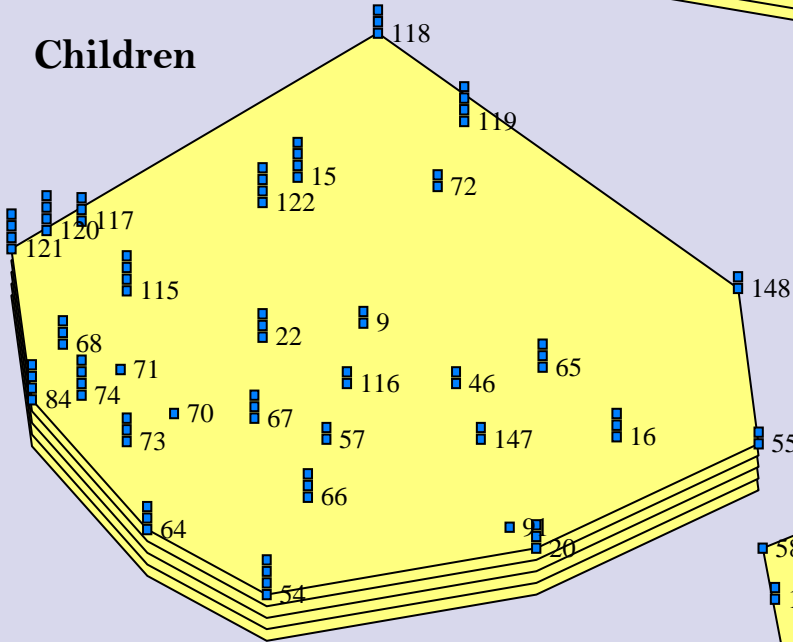
Implement pay-for performance reimbursement based on measures derived from evidence-based guidelines. (65)

# ALL

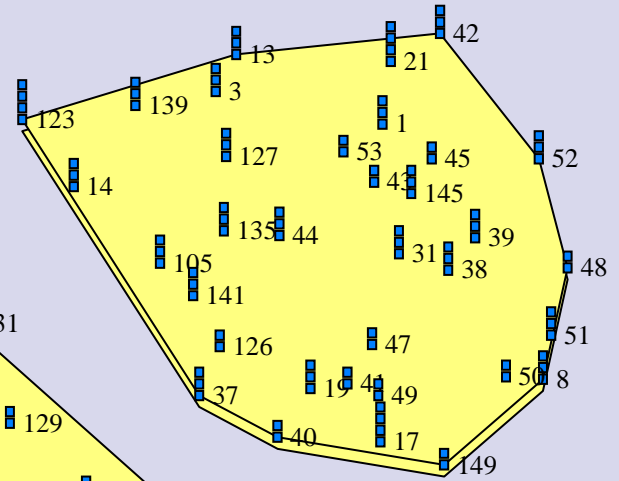
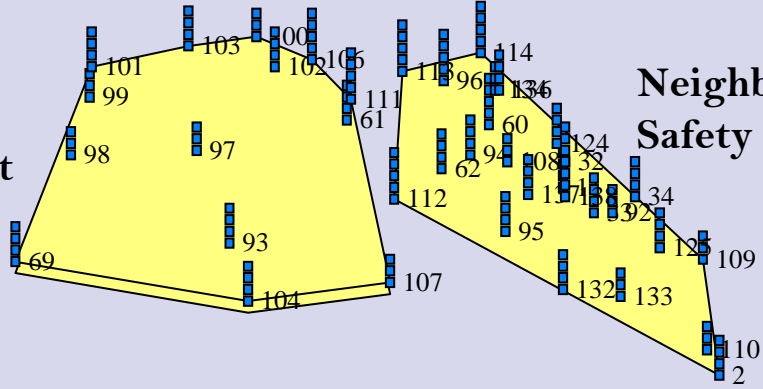
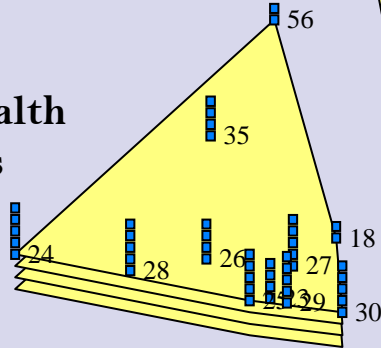
**Law  
Enforcement**

**Neighborhood  
Safety**

**Children**

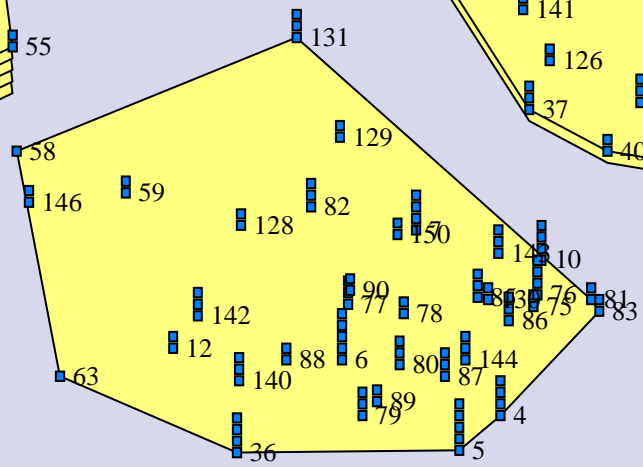


**Physical Health  
Road Blocks**



**Facility  
Access**

**Individual**

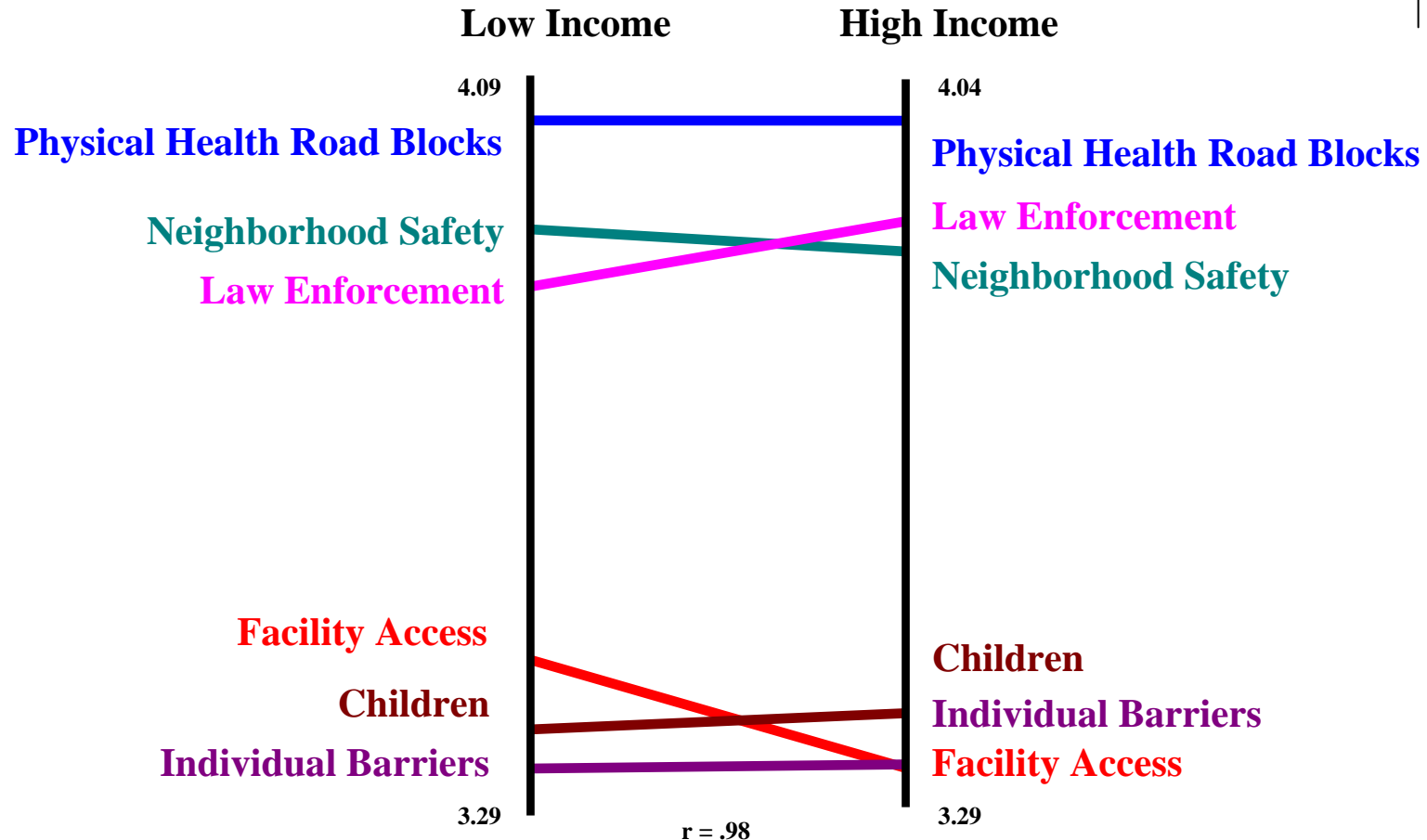
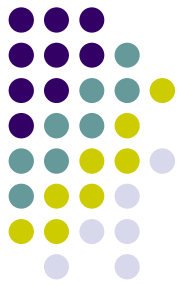


# Ratings: We ask participants ...

## Importance:

- To rate each item according to how important they think each item is to the ALbD initiative in their community, compared to the rest of the items.
- Use the following scale:
  - 1=Relatively unimportant
  - 2=Somewhat important
  - 3=Moderately important
  - 4=Very important
  - 5=Extremely important

# Comparison across populations



# We are Now in the Brainstorming Stage....



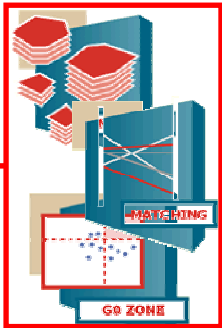
**Plan:** Develop a **Focus** and **Identify** Participants



Generate (**Brainstorm**) Ideas: all participants



**Structure** Ideas: all participants *rate* and a subgroup completes a conceptual *sort*



Compute **Maps** and Produce **Reports**



**Interpret** and Utilize Maps

# Timeline



- Year One (11/1/2006 – 10/31/2007)
  - 4 sites will be asked to participate in audits/photos, focus groups, interviews, and concept mapping
  - 6 sites will be asked to participate in pre-test activities, focus groups, interviews, and concept mapping
- Year Two (11/1/2007 – 10/31/2008)
  - 10 sites will be asked to participate in audits/photos, focus groups, interviews, and concept mapping
- Year Three (11/1/2008 – 10/31/2009)
  - 3-5 sites will be asked to participate in audits/photos, focus groups, interviews, and concept mapping
  - 4-6 sites will be asked to complete post-assessment



# Products and Deliverables



- Summary
  - Across all sites
  - Recommendations for building community design initiatives
    - Policy, environment, promotion and program interventions
    - Emphasis on children and relatively disadvantaged populations
  - Evidence of changes to the community environment (audit data, photos) and, when feasible, the impact on behavior
- Reports
  - Each site and ALbD program office
  - Document successes and challenges, what worked well, what did not work so well
    - Community partnerships, technical assistance, impact of start-up resources



# Grantee Benefits from Evaluation

- Collaborate on evaluation questions
- Evaluation *may* help with sustainability
  - through other funding sources
- Timely feedback and data sharing
  - for process data, very feasible
  - for outcomes, *be patient*

# Agenda Setting Activity



- Evaluation of environment and policy initiatives from the RESEARCH perspective
  - What are our research questions?
- Evaluation of environment and policy initiatives from the PRACTICE perspective
  - What are our research questions?

